The Bombay Gazette

No. 52,843—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1903. PRICE 4 ANNAS

ROBERT, PORTER & CO.'S
BULL DOG BOTTLING
OF
BASS'S ALE
AND
GUINNESS' STOUT
CAN BE HAD AT
All Wine Merchants, Bars, Restaurants, and Hotels.

Milkmaid
LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.
Brand Milk

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

SATURDAY 3 P.M.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	1903.
M.I.s BRITANNIA	3525	F. H. Seymour	18th April.
* MASSILIA	5011	G. W. Cockman	25th "
M.I.s PERSIA	7951	W. A. Wheler	2nd May
* PENINSULAR	6991	A. G. Cubitt	9th "
M.I.s CALEDONIA	7558	E. H. Gordon	16th "
* INDIA	7911	F. W. Vibert	23rd "
M.I.s PENINSULAR	6214	A. G. Cubitt	30th "
* EGYPT	7912	G. L. Langborne	6th June
M. I. INDIA	7911	F. W. Vibert	13th "
* ARABIA	7903	T. Leigh	20th "
M. I. EGYPT	7912	G. L. Langborne	27th "

The steamers marked * proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London, passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.

The steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 11-30 A.M. and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA and JAPAN, and return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 15th April, 1903.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms. Berths carefully selected. SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.
DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	G. Bellon	4,194	1st May, 1903.
IMPERATOR	P. Ivelich	4,119	1st June 1903,

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600,	Rs. 325,	Rs. 150

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
MAR. BACQUEHEM	T. Rassevich	4,459	18th April 1903
a b FRANZ FERDINAND	A. Martinolich	6,943	17th May 1903
b CHINA	F. Marcos	5,600	12th June 1903
b SILESIA		5,159	18th June 1903

a. Will call at Karachi. b Will call at Fiume.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 400	Rs. 150,

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.

1st Class Rs. 900, 2nd Class Rs. 488, Saloon Rs. 302.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at special fares.

The arrangement will prove of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 8 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN, VIA COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI AND YOKOHAMA.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
VINDOBONA	B. Cabol	4351	30th April, 1903

For further particulars, regarding Passages apply to
E. SCARPA, Agent.
Sassoon House, 67, Church Gate Street.

Bombay, 9th April, 1903.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on THURSDAY.
TONKIN	6,393	Sibuilt	7th May 1903.
CALEDONIEN	4,231	Marcantotti	4th June 1903.
OCEANIEN	4,259	Guigues	2nd July 1903.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYDS S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONKIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

S.S. "OCEANIEN," 4,259 tons, Captain Guigues, to sail on or about the 29th April, 1903.

For further particulars apply to
P. de BURE, Agent.
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

WILLIAM WATSON & Co.,

BANKERS & PASSENGER AGENTS,
(ESTABLISHED 1867.)
8, Hornby Road—BOMBAY.

CALCUTTA—8, Dalhousie Square, E.
KARACHI—Bunder Road.
LONDON—(Head Office), 7, Waterloo Place, Pall Mall, S.W.
LIVERPOOL—22, Water Street.
MARSEILLES—82, Rue de la Republique.
PORT SAID—8, Quay Francois Joseph.
CAPE TOWN—62, Adderley Street, S.A.
DURBAN S.A.—Gardiner Street.
JOHANNESBURG—7, Tyne Buildings, Market Stree', S. A.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened with any amount over Rs. 200, and interest allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for 3, 6, 9 and 12 Months, at Interest to be learned on Application.
PAY, PENSIONS AND ANNUITIES collected.
Letters of CREDIT payable anywhere, issued at Current Rates.
DRAFTS, CHEQUES AND BANK BILLS issued, cashed or sent for Collection.
TELEGRAPHIC AND REGULAR HOME FAMILY REMITTANCES made AT THE BEST Exchange rate of the day.
ADDRESSES of HOME friends for Telegraphic purposes registered FREE.
VOLUMINOUS Private CODE minimizing expense, at CLIENTS' Service.
STOCKS, SHARES, &c., bought and sold.
GOVERNMENT PAPER AND OTHER SECURITIES kept for safe custody, and Interest and Dividends collected.
LOANS and ADVANCES made on approved securities.
MONIES Cabled and paid same day in England. Cost of Message about Rs. 8, and NO COMMISSION charged for Remitting.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied at specially favourable rates.
ASSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, MARINE—effected at Reasonable rates.
Agents for the STANDARD and ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICES.
Full information promptly given and Handbooks sent free on Application.

WILL FORMS of DIFFERENT KINDS

Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED,

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S.S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on FRIDAY, the 24th April, at 2 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS AND KURRACHEE.

S.S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on TUESDAY, the 21st April, at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebander, Cutch Mandvie and Kurrachee in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting.)

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "KERBELA," 1,993 tons, on TUESDAY, the 21st April, at 12 noon, calling at Karachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingo, Bahrein, and Bushire, in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting).

FOR KURRACHEE, MUSCAT, BUSHIRE AND BUSREH.

S.S. "KATORIA," 1,127 tons, on THURSDAY, 16th April, at 10 a.m.

FOR ZANZIBAR, MOMBASA AND ADEN.

S.S. "NUDDEA," 3,005 tons, on or about MONDAY, 27th April.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "SCINDIA," 2,729 tons, on or about 22nd April.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 17th April, 1903.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged, and best available Berths secured, at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O., and all other Steamers, Free of Charge for Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares, and full Information furnished by return of post, on application.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.

Every Assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the First most all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for despatch as Cargo to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co, London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurances at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on Application.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS, PASSENGER AND FORWARDING AGENTS.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES AT REDUCED RATES.

FOR long PERIOD RETURN TICKETS by P. and O. and other Lines.

PASSAGES engaged by all Liners and Non-Liners FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION. Special attention to the selection of berths and grouping of passengers.
SPECIAL REDUCTIONS to Families, Missionaries and Railway Officials to London; also to Government Officials via China and America to Europe.
THROUGH TICKETS issued from any Railway station in India to all parts of the World.
COOK'S INTERPRETERS meet and assist passengers at London, Marseilles, Genoa, and all Chief Towns of the world.
OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and ticket supplied from any part of the World to India.
PASSENGERS' BAGGAGE received, forwarded or insured against theft and all risks.
PACKAGES of every description stored, and shipped as cargo to all parts of the world at lowest rates: ESTIMATES on application.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and amounts placed on DEPOSIT for FIXED PERIODS.
STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold.
DRAFTS, CIRCULAR NOTES, & LETTERS OF CREDIT issued and REMITTANCES made.

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, RANGOON, COLOMBO.

ARDESHIR'S PRIZE DRAWING.

A PRIZE DRAWING was held at the well-known and popular firm of ARDESHIR & Co., Art Jewellers, this evening. The Show Room was packed from early in the evening to seven o'clock, and the footpaths were thronged with an enthusiastic crowd of all nationalities, among whom many ladies were noticed. A committee representing all sections was formed the day previous, and they checked the tickets and placed them in a sealed box, the key of the box being drawn for. Before the drawing the committee placed the tickets in a barrel and the prizes in a second barrel. Mr. Ardeshir addressed the meeting, and challenged any doubters to examine the tickets. The public answered that they were satisfied. Mr. Ardeshir regretted that many orders had not been executed as they were received too late, and advised the people in future to send them their orders early for the next drawing before the 6th June. The result of the drawing was as under :—

Diamond Bracelet, Ticket No. 6281; Cash Rs. 500, Ticket No. 3657; one Cash Prize of Rs. 150, Ticket No. 6176; other Cash Prize of Rs. 150, Ticket No. 8643, Many prizes were drawn by the audience, who were paid cash on the spot. The remaining 520 prizes were distributed all over India.

Mr. Ardeshir provided refreshments free, these being greatly appreciated. The public were greatly pleased with the arrangements, and, after thanking Mr. Ardeshir, dispersed at ten o'clock.

A BOON TO MEN & WOMEN.

A TANK-NIGRAH PILLS.—A successful remedy based on most advanced and modern researches in the Ayurved, or Native Medical Science, for nervous diseases and physical debility, premature exhaustion and loss to vital energy with other allied affections.

A Pamphlet, containing Testimonials from Europeans, will be sent free of charge on application.

To be had of
VAIDYA SHASTRI MANISHANKAR GOVINDJI,
Atank-Nigrah Pharmacy,
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

HOTEL WINDSOR,

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.
SPECIAL NOTICE.

ELECTRICALLY lighted throughout day and night. Moderate Tariff. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents). Turkish Baths.

INCLUSIVE TERMS FROM 12s. PER DAY.

J. R. CLEAVE,
Proprietor.

ARE YOU A CONNOISSEUR IN TEA?

A DAILY TREAT!!
BRITANNIA BRAND TEAS.

THE ONLY GOLD MEDAL AWARDED IN POONA EXHIBITION.

Tea in Perfection from the Tea Plant to the Tea Cup in its Native Purity. | Exquisite Flavour. Delicate Aroma. Youngest Growths. | Choicest of Tea at the lowest possible cost and saving all middlemen's profits.

Important to Mofussil: Free Delivery on their Station, Prices from Re. 1-12 to As. 11 Per Packet.

J. E. MODY,
TEA, AND COFFEE MART,
HORNBY ROW, FORT, BOMBAY.

A FORTUNE.

In the event of a stroke of good fortune you can win 500,000 Marks. | The payment of the prizes is guaranteed by Government. First drawing: June 11th.

GERMAN GREAT MONEY LOTTERY
of the State of Hamburg.

You are invited to participate in the
CHANCES OF WINNING
In the grand drawings of prizes guaranteed by the State of Hamburg in which
11 Millions 202,000 Marks
SURELY HAVE TO BE WON.

In the course of these advantageous drawings which contain according to the prospectus only 113,000 tickets, the following prizes will be forthcoming, viz:

The highest will be event.

500,000 Marks (about £25,000)!

Premium of 300,000 Marks (about £15,000).

Number of prizes:		Number of prizes:	
1 of 200,000 M	about £10,000	16 of 10,000 M	abt £ 500
1 of 100,000 M	" 5,000	56 of 5,000 M	" 150
1 of 75,000 M	" 3,750	104 of 3,000 M	" 120
2 of 70,000 M	" 3,500	155 of 2,000 M	" 100
1 of 65,000 M	" 3250	4 of 1,500 M	" 75
1 of 60,000 M	" 3,000	612 of 1,000 M	" 50
1 of 55,000 M	" 2,750	1620 of 300 M	" 15
2 of 50,000 M	" 2,500	20 of 250 M	" 12·10/—
1 of 40,000 M	" 2,000	77 of 200 M	" 10
1 of 30,000 M	" 1,500	36053 of 169 M	" 8·9—
1 of 20,000 M	" 1,000	9383 of 150, 148, 115, 100 M.	
		10882 of 78, 45, 21 Mark.	

in all 59,010 prizes which must be surely won in 7 drawings within the space of a few months.

The highest prize of 1st drawings amounts to Mk. 50,000 increase in 2d. drawing to Mk. 55,000, in 3d. Mk. 60,000, in 4th. Mk. 65,000, in 5th. Mk. 70,000, in 6 h. Mk. 75,000, in 7th. Mk. 2,0,000 and together with the Premium of Mk. 300,000 in the most fortunate case to Mk. 500,000.

The official cost for participation in the first two drawings amounts to £—18th.—d. for a full ticket
„ — 9 „ —„ for half a ticket
„ — 4 „ 6 „ for one quarter of a ticket.

Half resp. quarter tickets will entitle to one half resp. one quarter of the amount won by the respective number, named on the ticket.

The stakes for participation in the following drawings, as well as the exact price-table, are indicated in the official prospectus, which I send on demand gratis in advance. The prospectus is also send gratis with every order. After the drawing I shall forward to every ticket-holder the official list of the winning-numbers.

THE PAYMENT AND FORWARDING OF THE AMOUNTS WON

to those concerned will have my special and prompt attention, and with the MOST ABSOLUTE SECRECY.

☞ REMITTANCE OF MONEY can be made by BANK-NOTES by registered letter or by Post-Office-Order.

☞ On account of the approaching drawing of the prizes, please address the orders immediately in all confidence direct to

SAMUEL HECKSCHER SENR.,
Banker at HAMBURG, Germany.

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Established 1874.

FUNDS EXCEED TWO CRORES
INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

ALL
INTENDING ASSURERS
should apply for the Rates and conditoins of the

ORIENTAL

which are the lowest with safety, being based upon the Company's actual experience since its formation.

LOANS ON THE COMPANY'S POLICIES!
LIBERAL SURRENDER VALUES.
Immediate payment of Claims on proof of death and title.

ENDOWMENTS
AND
ANNUITIES
ON
SPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE TERMS.

Full Particulars and Forms may be obtained on application at the Company's Office,
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY,

E. PATERSON BROWN,
Manager.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—

Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

PROVISION MERCHANTS, CATERERS, &c.,

THE TIFFIN & DINING ROOMS OF INDIA.

(FITTED WITH ELECTRIC PUNKAHS)
SEATING CAPACITY FOR OVER 250 GUESTS.

SPECIALITIES.
ICED DRAUGHT ALE AND STOUT
AMERICAN DRINKS.
BREAKFASTS,
TIFFINS, AND
DINNERS.
TABLE D'HOTE OR A LA CARTE
SERVED AT ANY HOUR OF THE DAY UP TO 8-45 P. M.
BAND OF THE 23RD BOMBAY RIFLES PLAYS EVERY WEDNESDAY FROM 7—9 P. M.

BILLIARD ROOM.

The best appointed in INDIA. Four First-Class Tables fitted with ROBERTS LOW CUSHIONS.

COOL, SELECT, AND COMFORTABLE.

W. B. GREEN & Co.,
APOLLO BUNDER RESTAURANT
BOMBAY.

NEMESIS'

THE MAGIC CURE for Malaria, Influenza, Intermittent, Remittent and Plague Fevers. A trial is solicited. Per Bottle, Re. 1.

F. S. MADON & Co.,
170, Shaikh Memon St. Bombay.

AGUE SPECIFIC.

THE ITALIAN STORES,

C. COLONNELLO SON & CO.,
105, MEDOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

STEVEDORES AND PURVEYORS TO THE NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO AND RUBATTINO, BOMBAY; AND TO THE ITALIAN ROYAL MARINE, RUSSIAN AND ARGENTINE MEN-O'WAR.

GRUYERE, PARMESAN and GORGONZOLA Cheeses.
FINEST LUCCA OIL; Pure Italian Wine Vinegar.
ASPARAGUS, (French Italian and German).
MILAN SAUSAGES in Skin (Italian).
ANCHOVIES SALTED (loose); and in oil in Bottles.
FRANKFORT SAUSAGES, Plain, and with Sauerkraute
TUNNY FISH IN OIL (French and Italian).
CAVIARE.
SARDINES, { Royans Victoria. „ a la Tomate. Plain in finest Lucca oil.
BLACK OLIVES (loose) in oil.
GREEN OLIVES (French) in Bottles.
FRENCH and ITALIAN PREPARED MUSTARD assorted in Bottles.

MASTIC de CHIO 2-8 Bot. Vermouth (Italian and French) Chianti, Barbera, Capri, Luciria, Christi and Marsala. Cherry and Blackberry Brandy and Asti Spumanti.

Maccaroni, Vermicelli, Soup Paste, Beans, Rice (Carolina), Walnuts, Hazelnuts, Almonds and Italian Lemons, Rs. 1-8 per 100.

Attention is drawn to our celebrated GRIGNOLINO CLARET as a speciality and a thoroughly genuine article, only Rs. 10 per doz. Bots.

A PERFECT SMOKE.

THE

"BAHADUR QUEEN-EMPRESS"

BRAND.

THE "BAHADUR QUEEN-EMPRESS"
BRAND ARE PACKED IN
Boxes of 100, each Cigar being Ringed with a
"BAHADUR QUEEN-EMPRESS" Ring
"BAHADUR QUEEN-EMPRESS" Extra large, 5 inches Rs. 37-8.

"BAHADUR QUEEN-EMPRESS," No. 1, 4½ in. Rs. 31-6.
"BAHADUR QUEEN-EMPRESS," No. 2, 4 in, Rs. 29-0
"BAHADUR QUEEN-EMPRESS, No. 3, 3¾ in. Rs. 27-8
"BAHADUR QUEEN-EMPRESS, No. 4, 3 in., Rs. 24-0

PACKED in BOXES of 50, at an extra charge of Re. 1 per 1,000.
PACKED in BOXES of 25, at an extra charge of Rs. 2 per 1,000.
ILLUSTRATED LEAFLET FREE ON APPLICATION.

McDOWELL & CO., LD.,

MADRAS AND LONDON.

THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" RAILWAY GUIDE.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

AS an unusually heavy demand for COPIES of the BOMBAY GAZETTE RAILWAY GUIDE published at the beginning of each month, is expected next month, orders should be registered at the BOMBAY GAZETTE office, 18, Esplanade Road, at an early date. This RAILWAY GUIDE is the most useful published and in view of the extensive alterations in the TIME TABLES of nearly all the Railways in India should prove an indispensable reference in all large offices.

Price: Eight Annas per Copy. Annual Subscribers, Rs. 5.

THE ANEROID BAROMETER OR WEATHER TELL-TALE.

APART from the necessity of every ship having to carry a Barometer under the conviction that the safety of a vessel may be promoted by a forcknowledge of the weather, who is there in India, Official or Merchant, who is not curious about the monsoon? The Governor of a Presidency, the Commissioner of a Division, the Collector of a District, the Forest Officer, &c., or the Merchant interested in the Agricultural Products of the Country are all more or less on the QUI VIVE for information as to meteorological changes for the good or otherwise of the Country, or for the safety or otherwise of speculation. This desire for information has developed a growing taste for instruments that will enable observers to foretell changes and which has also given a great impetus to the manufacture of that form of Barometer known as the ANEROID. As a simple weather indicator the ANEROID BAROMETER is, in many respects, superior to some of the varieties of Mercurial Barometer, while in its least expensive form its appearance is elegant and compact. The Aneroid has the advantage of being portable where the Mercurial Barometer is not. The Aneroid Barometer is admitted by the highest authorities to be fully equal to recording indications in such a manner as to enable observers to foretell weather, and there can be no doubt that it is an instrument which from the ingenuity displayed in its construction and the accuracy of its indications, is entitled to the highest confidence from the public.

We have now a collection of ANEROID BAROMETERS in circular form neatly cased in oak, of designs which would ornament the wall of any Club, Library, Office or Home and be found useful.

FROM Rs. 15-8 TO Rs. 90.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

[ESTABLISHED 1862.]

Assurances on every sound and approved Plan effected on most Favourable Terms.

NORWICH & LONDON ACCIDENT INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

(ESTABLISHED 1850).

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE [illegible]
(ESTABLISHED 1797).

THE PHŒNIX ASSURANCE Co[illegible]
(ESTABLISHED 1782).

THE LANCASHIRE INSURANCE Co[illegible]
now merged in the ROYAL INSURANCE, CO.
(ESTABLISHED 1850).

As Agents of the above First-class Offices, we are prepared to accept LIFE, ACCIDENT, and FIRE RISKS.

Terms on application to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

WEDDING RECEPTIONS,

EVENING PARTIES,

PICNICS DANCES AT HOME, ETC., ETC.,

SUPPLIED WITH

ICES CAKES

AND ALL SORTS OF DELICACIES
AT SHORT NOTICE
BY

MONGINI BROTHERS

MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONERS AND CATERERS,
25—27, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

ALL ORDERS RECEIVE THE PROMPT PERSONAL ATTENTION OF THE PROPRIETORS.

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST HOUSE FOR SUNSHADES AND PARASOLS

FANCY COLORED AND BLACK
OF
WELL-KNOWN ENGLISH MAKERS

THE ENGLISH UMBRELLA MART,

OPPOSITE WHITEAWAY LAIDLAW AND CO.

LONDON AND PARIS EXCHANGE LIMITED.

CAPITAL £100,000.

GENERAL MINING BANKERS.

Business in all Mining Shares quoted or not quoted on the London Stock Exchange.
Advances made on Mining Shares at 6 per cent. per annum.
MINING PROPERTIES NEGOTIATED.

LONDON AND PARIS EXCHANGE, LIMITED,
Basildon House, Moorgate Street, London, E.C.

President:—ALEXIS MORETON MANDEVILLE. Cablegrams:—"PLENARILY LONDON." Bankers:—Messrs. [illegible] Copies

N.B.—A Handbook fully explaining the business operations of the Exchange can be had on application free from the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

FOR HAVRE AND DUNKIRK.

THE S.S. "AMIRAL JAURE-GUIBERRY," 5,241 Tons gross, WILL SAIL on or about 24th inst. Has Splendid Accommodation for Passengers.

FIRST SALOON ..... Rs. 400
SECOND SALOON ..... " 200

French Cuisine. Apply to
JAMES MACKINTOSH & Co.

S. S. "BOMBAY MARU"

FROM

TOKIO, YOKOHAMA, KOBE, HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, AND COLOMBO.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per the above Steamer are hereby informed of her ARRIVAL on MONDAY, the 13th instant, and requested TO TAKE immediate DELIVERY of their GOODS at VICTORIA DOCK. No. 15. The Steamer having arrived under GENERAL AVERAGE, CONSIGNEES are requested to PRESENT THEIR BILLS OF LADING and INVOICES to Messrs. LIDDITTER & Co., Average Adjusters, Apollo Street, and sign the Average Bond, and pay to them a deposit of two per cent. on the value of their goods before applying to the Undersigned for Delivery Orders. The Company's Surveyor, Mr. F. E. HARDCASTLE, will attend daily in the Shed. All claims for damages, &c., must be sent to the office within ten days after the Steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained. No survey will be held on packages warehoused or removed from the Landing Shed.

T. KUSUMOTO,
Manager, Nippon Yusun Kaisha.

Navsari Buildings, Fort, Bombay, 13th April, 1903.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS are invited by 1 o'clock on THURSDAY, the 23rd April, 1903, for CONSTRUCTING NEW POLICE HOSPITAL at Byculla, Bombay. The value of work will be about Rs. 82,900.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the Undersigned.

H. KEMBALL, C.E.,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.

Bombay, 15th April, 1903.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS are invited by 1 o'clock on WEDNESDAY, 29th April, 1903, for the CONSTRUCTION of the SUPERSTRUCTURE of the Branch Custom House, Prince's Dock, Bombay. The value of work will be about Rs. 1,19,000.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the Undersigned.

H. KEMBALL, C.E.,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.

Bombay, 15th April, 1903.

THE CURRIMBHOY MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the Fourteenth Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company, held on Wednesday, the 15th April, 1903, a DIVIDEND at the rate of Rs. 20 per share, (Free of Income Tax), for the year ending 31st December, 1902, has been declared payable at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 15, Esplanade Road, on and after FRIDAY, the 1st May, 1903, between 11 A. M. and 3 P. M., to Shareholders, whose names stood on the Company's Register on the 15th day of April, 1903, on production of their Share Certificates.

By order,
CURRIMBHOY EBRAHIM & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers, and Agents.

Bombay, 15th April, 1903.

JUST RECEIVED

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

GRAMOPHONE AND VICTOR

7 inch RECORDS and
MONAROH 10 inch RECORDS.

SHERIAR ASPANDIAR,
PHONOGRAPH AGENCY,
KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY,
(INCLUDING INDIAN MIDLAND SECTION.)

TEAK LOG TIMBER.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Agent of this Railway at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 P. M., (Gun Fire), on WEDNESDAY, the 29th April, 1903, for the SUPPLY of

500 TONS of MOULMEIN or RANGOON TEAK LOGS,

Delivery to commence the second week in May, 1903.

2. TENDERERS to quote a Rate per Ton of 50 cubic feet delivered at the Company's Locomotive Premises, Parel, and to state the maximum percentage of rejections allowed in the raft.

3. TENDERS must be accompanied by the specification of shipment showing clearly that the timber tendered is Moulmein or Rangoon.

4. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

R. P. W. STRONG,
Acting General Storekeeper.

General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 4th April, 1903.

THE MANOCKJEE PETIT MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

AT the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the Manockjee Petit Manufacturing Company, Ld., held at the Registered Office of the Company, at No. 6, Hornby Row, Fort, on TUESDAY, the 14th instant, the following Resolution (by way of amendment) viz :—

"That Messrs. Rapoojee Pestonjee Wadia and Nusserwan Jee Sorabjee Jamsetjee be appointed the Auditors of the Company for the current year on a remuneration of Rs. 600 for each per year, the accounts to be audited every half year"

having been duly carried by a majority of votes given by hand, a Poll was there and then demanded by some Shareholders in accordance with Clause 63 of the Articles of the Company.

Now, therefore, Notice is hereby given that the said Poll will be taken at the Office of the Company, No. 6, Hornby Row, Fort, at 3 o'clock P. M. on Saturday, the 18th day of April instant.

BOMANJEE DINSHAW PETIT,
Chairman of the Meeting.

Bombay, 15th April, 1903.

NOTICE.

MISS JOHNSON (late of Mrs. POMEROY'S, 29, Old Bond Street) and Miss DUPUIS have OPENED BUSINESS for Face Massage, Electrolysis, at 41, Watson's Esplanade, Bombay. Hours 7-30 A.M. to 12-30 P.M., and 3-30 to 5-30 P.M. THURSDAYS till 12-30 P.M. Terms—Single Treatment, Rs. 7. Course of six, Rs. 35. Preparations sent to all parts of India. Advice and Consultation Free. Book sent on application.

RE MOHAMED HAJI HABIB & CO.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons CLAIMING against or being indebted to the above Firm are required to send in their Claims or to pay the amounts owing by them, as the case may be, to Mr. CASSUM HABIB, at Cutlery Bazaar, one of the Trustees who are appointed under a Deed of Composition, dated 28th July, 1902, within one month from this date after the expiration of which time the assests of the said Firm will be dealt with by the said Trustees having regard only to claims of which notice has been received, and proceedings will be taken for recovery of amounts due to the said firm.—Dated this fifth day of March, 1903.

SULEMAN SOMJI,
પ્રકાશ કંપીપ્ય દા૦ પોતે,
દા૦, CASSUM HABIB,
અબુ શાલે મામદ,
દા૦, ABOO SALEH MAHOMED,
હાશમ મામદ,
દા૦, HASAM MAHOMED,
ગુલામ હુશેન ઇસ્માઇલ,
દા૦, GOOLAM HOOSEIN ISMAIL.

NOTICE.

MAX MINCK & Co., LAHORE, WATCH MANUFACTURERS AND JEWELLERS, DIAMOND MERCHANTS,
ESTABLISHED 1875,
Intend forming their business into a Company, Limited, 8 per cent. on paid up Shares guaranteed.

Apply for Prospectus, The SECRETARY to the Proposed MAX MINCK & Co., Ld., Lahore.

Lahore, 15th March, 1903.

TO MARINE ENGINEERS.

SOTHERN'S MARINE ENGINEERING COLLEGE,
59 Bridge St., Glasgow.
PRINCIPAL—J. W. SOTHERN, M.I.E.S.,
Practical Engineer and Draughtsman.

ENGINEERS who intend competing for BOARD of TRADE CERTIFICATES can be supplied with the following, on remitting £1-5-0 to above address :

1 Complete set Arithmetical Papers and Solutions,
1 " " Drawing Cards with "Instructions" and "Statements."
1 Copy "Elementary Questions and Answers."
1 " "Verbal Notes and Sketches."

Part of the above money will be allowed to those, who on going home, join our classes previous to going up for Examination.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT, AND SUMMARY OF TRADE,

Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—

A Specially-Written Market Report,
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Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period, as far back as 1894 and 1901 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period, as far back as 1894 and 1901, respectively.
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Bombay Gazette Office, 18, Esplanade Road.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE.

WE have AUTHORIZED Mr. H. P. HEBBLETHWAITE to SIGN our Firm "per procuration."

KILLICK, NIXON & Co.

17th April, 1903.

GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

A TELEGRAPH OFFICE has been OPENED in the APOLLO BUNDER POST OFFICE to meet the Public Convenience. The Office will be open from 7 A. M. to 9 P. M.

G. T. W. OLVER,
Officer in charge, Bombay Sub-Division.

Bombay, 15th April, 1903.

LIST of ESTATES to which Letters of Administration have been granted to the Administrator General of Bombay and of Estates which have come under his charge.

CHARLES ERNEST MARDALL, a Major, in the Indian Staff Corps, and late of the Military Accounts Department, Poona.
LUXIMON BABAJI MURKAYKUR SAIT SONAR, late of Bombay Hindu Goldsmith.
REGINALD DENIS BURLTON, Major, 2nd Madras Lancers, late Deputy Assistant Adjutant General for Musketry, Dyan.
JAMES WILLIAM BENNETT, late of Bombay, Master Mariner.
DHUJI VEERJI, late of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant.
EMMA LOUISE CROSBY, late of Baroda, American.
THOMAS PERKINS, late Telegraph Master, Quetta.
CHARLES BENJAMIN BURROWS, of the United States of America, late of Bombay, European Inhabitant.
EDGAR PREVOST CLOSE, late Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue Karwar.
CANJI BHIMJI, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant.
RICHARD BRATHWAITE LLOYD FITZWILLIAMS, late a Lieutenant in the Royal Indian Marine.
LAWRENCE JOHN STAUNTON CATRELL, late a Lieutenant in His Majesty's Royal Army Medical Corps, Amednagar.
JOHN EDWIN PENTON, late District Superintendent of Police, Quetta.
ARCHIBALD LOUIS HEBBERT, late a Major in His Majesty's Royal Field Artillery, Manipur.
HENRY BENTLEY SMITH, late of Bombay European Inhabitant, a Master Mariner.
LOUISA McCARTHY, late of Bombay, European Inhabitant.

All persons having claims against, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to the abovenamed estates are hereby requested to state their claims, pay their debts and hand over such property to the Undersigned forthwith. All claims must be sent to the Undersigned at his Office within one month from the date of this Advertisement. At the expiration of the said period the assets of the estates will be distributed, and claims received after that period will not be recognised.

T. J. STRANGMAN,
Ag. Administrator General.

Administrator General's Office, High Court,
Bombay, April 1903.

NOW READY.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE"

OVERLAND SUMMARY,

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

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PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, BURMA.

NOTICE.

WANTED

DRAFTSMEN, for permanent employment in the Buildings and Roads and Irrigation Branches (subject to one year of probation) on the following rates of salary :—

2nd Grade Draftsman	.....	80 4	100 per mensem.
3rd Grade Draftsman	.....	60 3	75 per mensem.

Age, Technical Education, Qualifications, and last salary, should all be fully stated, and copies forwarded of all certificates, with history of services.

Applications should be addressed to the Under-Secretary to the Government of Burma up till 1st June, 1903.

H. GROVES,
Chief Engineer, P. W. D., Burma.

Rangoon, April, 1903.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

MESSRS. HAJEE EBRAHIM BROS. beg to inform their numerous Customers that their Establishment has been REMOVED to No. 1, Sitaram Buildings, next to Crawford Market.

The BOOT and SHOE DEPARTMENT will REMAIN in their Old Premises, No. 1, Upper Storey, opposite Crawford Market.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.

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NORTH BRITISH RUBBER TYRE COMPANY, LD.
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Do. for 1 1/4 " " 1-14 "

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The Comprehensive Criminal Digest, 1862—1899.

BY

CHUNILAL HARILAL VAKIL, B.A., LL.B.,
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THIS Digest contains all the criminal cases decided by the four High Courts and the unchartered High Courts in the Punjab, Oudh, Central Provinces, and Burma, reported in the four series of the Indian Law Reports, Bengal Law Reports, Madras H. C. Reports, Bombay H. C. Reports, N. W. P. High Court Reports, Calcutta Law Reports, Indian Weekly Reporter, Haye's Reports, Hyde's Reports, Marshall's Reports, Coryton's Reports, Agra H. C. Reports, Moore's Indian Appeals, Criminal Rulings of the Bombay High Court, Bombay Weekly Notes, Bombay Law Reporter, Joy Govind Shome's Reports, Bourke's Reports, Burma Select Judgments, Punjab Records, Central Provinces Reports, and Oudh Select cases, together with important cases from 1862 to 1862 decided by the SUDDER FOUZ DAREE ADAWLUT and NIZAMUT ADAWLUT. It contains rulings from about 350 volumes, while the greatest existing digest contains rulings from about 150 volumes only. It contains a complete index of all cases followed, overruled, or otherwise judicially noticed in these reports.

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Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

NOTICE.

THOSE SUBSCRIBERS who have been hitherto SUPPLIED with the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" through the Cosmopolitan Library, can have the paper by applying to Messrs. VINCENT & CO., 19, Hornby Road, 3rd Floor, Fort, or the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," Head Office.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerk, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this column.

RATES.—(Cash only.) Three lines, per insertion, One Rupee, Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

PIANOS TUNED at Popular Prices by competent European Tuners. Pianos renovated to a condition as good as new. First class workmanship guaranteed. Pianos inspected and estimate of cost of Repairs submitted free of charge.—MARCKS & Co., LL, Bombay and POONA.

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WRITE or Telephone No. 1025, for LIME, SAND, MORTAR, WHITING, NIRU, CEMENT, to CHOGLE & BHISEY BROS., Two Tanks, Mortar Mill, Bombay.

PHOTOGRAPHY.—A Leading Calcutta Establishment has a VACANCY for a really good and reliable ASSISTANT with a thorough knowledge of Developing Bromide and Silver Printing and Enlarging. Only theatre experience is not sufficient. Salary Rs. 100. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box, "No. 431 A," Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED, an OFFICE MANAGER for HAJA BEEN DAYAL & Sons. None but a very smart, energetic and whole hearted man, fit to undertake correspondence and account keeping need Apply, Salary Rs. 60 with prospects. Apply with copies of testimonials and references.

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ON VIEW.—Messrs. A. Guylee's Furniture, Drawing Room Cottage Piano, etc., at Victoria Building, Grant Road, near R. B. and C. I. R. Parel Station. ON MORROW, SUNDAY.

AUCTION SALE of Mr. W. Merrett's Furniture, Cottage Piano, etc., in Tents, opposite Messrs. Cooper & Co., Colaba Causeway, THIS DAY, at 1 P. M.

ELECTRO-PLATED WARE.—Every kind of household requisite. Suitable to every one. Only the best quality of goods.—MORENAS & Co., Meadow St., Bombay.

CURETNE COMPOUND (Lawson's) cures whereCopaiba and Sandal Oil fails. One Bottle Annas 12. Apply HOMI BROS., Opticians, New Building, No. 2, 1st Floor, near Crawford Market, Bombay.

JUST UNPACKED.—English single HARNESS, STATE CARRIAGE LAMPS, and ARTIFICIAL LEATHER for Carriage and Furniture Cushions.—E. S. MALLA & Co., Bhendy Bazar, Bombay.

40 POUNDS is the weight of my new Pattern Shooting or Field Service Tent complete with Bathroom. Catalogues free.—WM. S. MARRIOTT, The Tent Factory, Cawnpore.

IXL DURRIES in fast colours. New patterns now ready.—Free on application to WM. S. MARRIOTT, The Tent Factory, Cawnpore.

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OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 Pages of the "Fall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage, English Subscription Rs. 15 per year including Postage.

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INDIGESTION.—BAD BREATH.—Kemp's PAPARIDINE (Rs. 2-0) cures this distressing complaint. It acts like a charm. KEMP & Co., Ld., Bombay.

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MARTELL & Co.,
P. B. BURGOYNE & Co.

Sicily, Avize, Plymouth, London, Edinburgh, Bordeaux, Gibraltar, Madeira, Bordeaux, Oporto, Oporto, Oporto, Marsala, Madeira, Ay, London, Worms, Côte d' Or, Saumur, Melbourne, Melbourne, Budapesth, Vöslau, Leith, Leith, Leith, London, London, Whimple, London, Dublin, Aberdeen, Schierstein London, Marseilles, Plymouth, Cognac, London.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines, Spirits, or Liqueurs &c., from the above well-known Firms without the inconvenience and expense of importing them direct.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION TO

PHIPSON & Co.,
BOMBAY.

LAWSON'S LIQUEUR WHISKY.

Justly noted for its age, softness, Mellowness, and fine Character.
Strongly recommended to all who desire a good Whisky.

Of all dealers, or of
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., LD., BOMBAY.
SOLE AGENTS.

KEATING'S POWDER

IS HARMLESS to Animal Life.

KILLS BUGS, FLEAS, MOTHS, BEETLES, MOSQUITOES.

KILLS BUGS, FLEAS, MOTHS, BEETLES, MOSQUITOES,

The genuine powder bears the autograph of THOMAS KEATING. Sold in Tins and Bottles only.

KEATING'S WORM TABLETS.
KEATING'S WORM TABLETS.

A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is perfectly safe and mild, and is especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles by all Druggists.

Proprietor: THOMAS KEATING, London

FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE.

Clarke's Blood Mixture

THE WORLD-FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER,

IS WARRANTED TO CLEAR THE BLOOD from all impurities from whatever cause arising.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, Blackheads, Pimples, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It Cures Old Sores.
Cures Sores on the Neck.
Cures Sore Legs.
Cures Blackhead or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scurvy.
Cures Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all impure Matter, from whatever cause arising.
It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains, it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

As this Mixture is pleasant to the state, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex. The Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Colour-Sergeant Instructor Jno. Howarth Cheshire Regiment, Chester, writes: "I suffered from Rheumatism in my arms and legs for over five years. I also had a bruised shin bone, through which I could rest only for a few minutes at a time. All sorts of remedies were applied, but none did any good for more than a few days. After a while I was recommended to try 'Clarke's Blood Mixture,' which I did, and on taking the first bottle I felt relief. I therefore continued with this excellent medicine, and it effected a perfect cure. This was more than a year ago and I am pleased to say I have not felt the least pain since—in fact, I am in as good health as ever I was in my life."

"Mr. Glover, I told two friends of mine who were laid up with Rheumatism of my case, and they tried 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' They are taking it freely, and in seven days they were at work again. They say this medicine cannot be too highly praised.
"May 18, 1899."

Mr. George Price, St. Margaret's-on-Thames writes:—"I feel that I should write you a few lines in praise of Clarke's Blood Mixture. I have been suffering these last few years with Eczema and Blotches, which prevented me following my occupation, and I can safely say I have spent scores of pounds in all sorts of other medicines. A little while ago, however, I was advised by a friend of mine who has taken Clarke's Blood Mixture to try a bottle, and to my great relief I am a new man and able at the present time to go on with my business, being now quite well. In fact, I cannot give it too much praise. You are at liberty to make what use you like of this testimonial for the benefit of others who may be suffering from the same complaint.
"December 29, 1899."

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS OF WONDERFUL CURES FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles at 2s. 9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases—BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE DEALERS throughout the world. Proprietor, THE LONDON AND MIDLAND DRUG COMPANIES Drug Company, Lincoln, England. Trade Mark:—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless Imitations and substitutes are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled Vendors. The word "Lincoln" and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government Stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture," is blown on the bottle. WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

RATES.—First Three Insertions Four Annas per line, Fourth, and onward Two Annas. Minimum Charge Re. 1-8.

DEVJEE MALJEE,
INDIAN JEWELLER.
No. 19, Kalbadevi Road,
BOMBAY.

MAKER and SELLER of all SORTS of Pure Indian Gold ORNAMENTS and JEWELLERY. ARTICLES highly polished on the Machine, same as the ENGLISH MAKE.

Charges Moderate.
Orders Carefully Executed.

WANTED, CHEAP.

SECOND-HAND MACHINERY, such as Engines, Boilers, Ginning Mills, Oil Mills, Cotton Presses, Pumps, Rice Mills etc., etc.

Apply stating age and other particulars to Box "No. 299," Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

THE ROSERY POULTRY FARM.
PAREL TANK ROAD,

ALL kinds of poultry, sucking pigs, and rabbits for sale at the above address. Customers are requested to be kind enough to send in their orders as early as possible in the day. The farm is entirely under European management. List of prices can be obtained from, and orders must be sent to,

Mrs. BAKER,
The "Rosery,"
Victoria Road, Byculla, Telephone No. 1014.

BUSINESS ESTABLISHED 1815.

DADABHOY BOMANJEE,
CARRIAGE BUILDER,
799 & 801, GIRGAUM ROAD, GIRGAUM,
BOMBAY.

Prize Gold and Silver Medals and Diplomas of Merit awarded at the Bombay Horse and Carriage Show, 1900.

SOLE AGENT to Messrs. C. S. WINDOVER & Co., Limited, London.

Carriages of every description and of the latest fashion built to order and warranted of the very best seasoned materials and of the highest class of workmanship with all the latest improvements.

CARRIAGES Lined, Painted and Repaired.
REPAIRS executed with the greatest possible care and attention.

A varied stock of very fashionable New and Second hand English-built Carriages of all the latest designs always on hand for sale.

New and Secondhand Carriages Sold on Commission and Warehoused.

CAST IRON PIPES.

Steel Angles, Tees, and Plates.
Rolled Steel Beams.
Galvanized Corrugated Iron Sheets
Wrought Iron Tubes, &c.

LARGE STOCKS ready for Immediate Delivery.

GEO. SERVICE & Co.,
Green Street, Bombay.

JOHN DICKINSON & Co., Ld.,

12, BANK STREET,
BOMBAY.

WE beg to notify that we have been appointed the SOLE AGENTS in the Bombay Presidency for the SIDEROSTHEN PAINS SYNDICATE, LD.

SIDEROSTHEN has become widely known as a FIRST-CLASS PRESERVATIVE OF IRON, STEEL AND ZINC FROM CORROSION and other destructive actions.

We claim for SIDEROSTHEN that—

It is an absolutely rust-proof and rust preventing Paint.

It will resist the action of CHLORINE, AMMONIA, and CAUSTIC SODA, NITRIC, ACETIC, SULPHURIC and MURIATIC ACIDS.

It will not blister under any heat whatsoever.

It is unaffected by Salt Air, Spray and Sea water.

It is elastic when dry, and will not crack on nip.

It preserves WOOD from the ravages of WHITE ANTS.

A large consignment of this Paint has just been received.

Price and Samples on application.

Beauty

ICILMA PREPARATIONS are absolutely necessary and unrivalled for HOT CLIMATES, preserving the skin from sunburn, prickly heat, festering, etc, and curing

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER

CAPITAL £800,000
RESERVE FUND £650,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS..... £800,000

HEAD OFFICE.

HATON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Bombay,	Ipoh (Perak)	Hongkong,
Calcutta,	Singapore,	Foochow,
Madras.	Kwala Lumpor	Shanghai,
Rangoon.	Bangkok,	Tientsin,
Colombo.	Batavia.	Hankow.
Penang.	Sourabaya,	Yokohama,
Tampiug.	Samarang,	Kobe,
Malacca, Deli (Sumatra),	Manila, Cebu, (Philippines),	New York

The Corporation GRANT DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches; buy and receive for collection Bills of Exchange; issue Letters of Credits; and undertake general Banking business.

FIXED DEPOSITS

are received for TWELVE MONTHS at FOUR PER CENT per Annum. Rate for shorter periods may be ascertained on application.

JOHN STIVEN, Agent.

Bombay Agency, Esplanade.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... Yens 24,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... „ 18,000,000
RESERVE FUND ..... „ 9,000,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Tokio, Kobe, Nagasaki, London, Lyons, New York, San Francisco, Hawaii, Peking, Shanghai, Hongkong, Tientsin and Newchang.

LONDON BANKERS:—

THE BANK OF ENGLAND; THE LONDON and JOINT STOCK BANK LD.; THE UNION OF LONDON and SMITH'S BANK LD.; THE PARR'S BANK LD.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSITS, on Terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN, and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

Y. MATSUO, Manager

Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANK OF CALCUTTA, LIMITED.

CAPITAL.

Subscribed.....Rs. 15,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... „ 15,00,000
Uncalled Capital ..... „ 5,00,000

DIRECTORS.

Mr. D. YULE, Messrs. Andrew Yule & Co.
„ R. J. D. THOMAS, Messrs. J. Thomas & Co.
„ N. A. McLEOD, Messrs. McLeod & Co.
„ D. KING.

CREDITS granted on approved Security and every description of banking business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and 2 per cent. per annum allowed on the daily balances.

FIXED DEPOSITS received at the following rates of interest:—

	Per cent. Per Annum
For 3 Months.....	4
„ 6 Months.....	4½ „
„ 12 Months.....	5 „
„ 2 Years.....	5½ „

The Bank offers special facilities and advice to Constituents as to the purchase and sale of all Indian Securities, particularly the Shares and Debenture Stocks of Jute, Cotton, Tea, and Miscellaneous Industrial Concerns.

The Bank is prepared to guarantee the principle and interest of Debentures on its approved list on terms which may be ascertained on application. Absentee shareholders' and investors' interests carefully watched.

Orders executed on the London Stock Exchange through London Branch.

For further information apply to—

D. KING, Agent,

Calcutta, 3rd February, 1903.

LONDON BRANCH:
GREAT WINCHESTER STREET E. C.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—CALCUTTA.

BRANCHES:

Bombay, Karachi, Lahore, London, Madras, Rangoon and Rawal Pindi,

Sub-Branches:—Murree—(April to October),

Sub-Agencies:—Amritsar, Bannalore, Lyallpore and Moultan City.

CAPITAL PAID-UP, Rs. 43,90,800.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ARE AS UNDER STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS for home remittance, 4 per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS—

6 to 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum,
2 years at 5½ „ „

Special rates are given for SHORT PERIOD DEPOSITS which can be learnt on application.

Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received into the Bank's PRUDENTIAL FUND, bearing half-yearly compound interest at 3 per cent. per annum.

Cheques, Bills, Remittances on Stations where the Bank has Branches and Currency Notes of any circle are collected and credited free of charge in the above Interest Deposit Accounts

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened in Darbar of Rs. 100 and upwards and receive 2 per cent. per annum, upon the daily balances, provided a minimum daily balance of Rs. 50 is maintained.

Apply for Rules to Head Office or Branches

F. D. STRANACK, Manager.

Bombay, 17th April, 1902.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND £450,000

HEAD OFFICE:
47 THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Delhi,	Cawnpore,	Kandy,
Lahore,	Bombay,	Colombo,	Tuticorin,
Amritsar,	Madras,	Mandalay,	Zanzibar,
Karrachee,	Rangoon,	Newera Elya,	Mombassa,
Steamer Point,	Aden.		

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

RULES OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittance may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

ROBERT R. ROSS, Manager.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....	$ 100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund	£ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 5,500,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG:

J. R. M. SMITH, Chief Manager.

London Bankers.—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.,

LONDON COMMITTEE.

SIR THOS. JACKSON, Bart., Chairman.
WM. ANASTASIUS JONES, Esq., Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited.)
CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt).
WM. GARBER HATHORN, Esq., (Director, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.)
JOHN WALTER, Esq.

SIR EWEN CAMERON, K.C.M.G, A. M. TOWNSEND,	Managers.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES,

LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI

AMOY,	HANKOW,	PENANG,
BANGKOK,	HIOGO,	RANGOON,
BATAVIA,	HOILO,	SAIGON,
BOMBAY,	LYEEMOON,	SANFRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	MANILA,	SINGAPORE,
COLOMBO,	NAGASAKI,	SOURABAYA,
FOOCHOW,	NEW YORK,	TIENTSIN,
HAMBURG,	PEKING,	YOKOHAMA

BOMBAY AGENCY.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,99,999; but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for 12 months at 4 per cent per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business Transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

W. ADAMS ORAM, Acting Agent

7, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (paid up).....Rs. 10,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper).Rs. 14,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened on usual terms, and interest at 2 per cent. per annum allowed on 30th June and 31st December on minimum balances exceeding Rs. 500.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interests allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW, Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

ITALIAN SHIRTS AND COLLARS

NOW ON SHOW.

BANKER & Co.

HIGH CLASS GENTS' TAILORS AND LADIES' DRESS MAKERS.

38, ESPLANADE CROSS ROAD, OPPOSITE GOCULDAS HOSPITAL, BOMBAY.

IMPORTANT TO SMOKERS.

D. MERWAN & Co., the Tobacconists of Medows Street, have OPENED OUT in their New Airy Premises

A REGULAR EXHIBITION OF READY CHOICE

DUTCH HAVANA CIGARS,

From Rs. 5 to Rs. 12 per 100.

These are imported specially to meet the demand of CONNOISSEURS.

Inspection invited. Satisfaction Assured.

Up-country Orders by V. P. Post or Rail.

D. MERWAN & Co., CIGAR MERCHANTS and TOBACCONISTS, 42, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

FUTURE FROM HANDWRITING!

YOUR character, marriage partner described, business, love, health, changes and chief events accurately told. Send a specimen of your writing, signed with usual signature, and enclose twenty half-anna postage stamps and a stamped addressed envelope to

"GRAPHOLOGISTS,
Mandvi Post, Bombay."

NOTE.—Don't send it if you dislike plain speaking.

INSURANCES.

THREE IMPORTANT FACTS

ABOUT THE

STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.

1.—OVER THREE QUARTERS OF A MILLION STERLING per annum is being paid in Death Claims year by year.

2.—THE FUNDS IN HAND amount to over £ 9,900,000 and have increased 50 per cent. in the last 15 years.

3.—THE LIVES who die are annually replaced by more than double the number of new carefully selected lives.

F. A. PREVOST, Secretary.

N. B.—POLICIES ISSUED IN RUPEES, OR IN STERLING.

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all Impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvys, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the "cause" from the blood and bones. To be had of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per Bottle. Thousands of Testimonials.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS,

warranted to cure all Discharges from the Urina, Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional) Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes 4s. 9d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the world Proprietors.—THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUGGIST, London, England.

THE NEW FRENCH REM

TRADE THERAPION MARK

This successful and highly popular remedy, as employed in the Continental Hospitals, Russia, Roumania, Persia, Algeria, Spain, and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and empowers everything hitherto employed.

THERAPION No. 1 in new days only removes all discharges from the urinary organs, effectually superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by local astringency, and the production of stricture and other serious diseases. In dysentery, piles, irritation of the lower bowel, cough, bronchitis, asthma, and some of the more trying complaints of this climate, it will be found quite wonderfully efficacious, affording prompt relief where other well-tried remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION No. 2 for impurity of the blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, pains and swellings of the joints—often mistaken for rheumatism—secondary symptoms of case of the bones, sore throat, and all diseases for which it has been too rashly a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, &c., to the destruction of the sufferer's teeth and ruin of health. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eradicates every poisonous matter from the body.

THERAPION No. 3 for nervous exhaustion, waste of vitality, lassating dreams, and all the distressing symptoms resulting from early errors, excesses, residence in hot, unhealthy climates, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated.

THERAPION may be procured at 2/9 and 4/6 per package of all the principal Chemists and Merchants throughout the World. In ordering, the purchaser should state which of the three numbers he requires, and observe above Registered Trade Mark, which is to be found on the word "THERAPION" as it appears on the Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground), affixed to every genuine package by order of Her Majesty's Hon. Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

A BOON TO WEAK MEN:

AN originally scientific means of Curing Nervous Debility and its Various Physical and Nervous Ailments without the use of Nauseous Stomach Medicines.

The Method is easy and sure, and a Permanent and Effective Cure is Ensured in all Cases of Weakness in Young and Old Men.

A fully Explanatory Pamphlet sent sealed free of charge. —Address C. MURRAY 7 Cuthbert on Row, High Holborn London, England.

THE ECONOMIC PHARMACY.

HEAD OFFICE.—11, Bonfield's Lane,

BRANCH,—157, Bow Bazar St., Calcutta.

HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES,

5 and 6 pice per dram.

CHOLERA BOX with 12, 24, 30 and 48 phials of medicines, a dropper, camphor and a guide Rs. 2, 3, 3-10 and 5-5, respectively.

FAMILY BOX with 24, 30, 48, 60 and 104 phial, of medicines, a dropper and a guide Rs. 3, 3-8 5-3, 6-4 and 11-8, respectively.

PHARMACEUTISTS' MANUAL, *i. e.*, Homœopathic Pharmacopia in Bengali and English, Re. 1-4, (2nd edition).

FAMILY PRACTICE in Bengali (2nd Edition thoroughly Revised and Re-written) 180 pages (cloth), As. 8. A very useful book for family use

M. O. Fee and Postage extra.

ALLOPATHIC STORE.—203, Cornwallis St.

BRANCH.—10, Bonfield's Lane.

M. B. HATTACHARYYA & CO.

SOUTH AFRICA, 1899-1902.

MENTIONED IN DESPATCHES.

(2ND EDITION.)

Being a Complete List of Officers and Men of the Army and Navy mentioned in Despatches (with details of act for which mentioned, where such has been gazetted); together with a List of those awarded the Victoria Cross (with details), Conspicuous Service Cross, Distinguished Service Order, and Distinguished Conduct Medals; and of Nursing Sisters who have been awarded the Royal Red Cross.

Also List of all Honours and Special Promotions in the Army and Navy gazetted up to November, 1902.

PRICE ONE SHILLING.

By Post 1-2.

THE ARMY & NAVY GAZETTE, 8 YORK STREET, COVENT GARDEN, LONDON, W. C.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, APRIL 16.

The Bombay mails of 4th inst. arrived at Brindisi yesterday.

SECURITIES—

½ per cent. Consols	89⅛	=	— 3/8
2½ per cent. Reduced	96⅝	=	unchanged
3½ per cent. Indian Sterling Loan	£107	=	do
3½ per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	£75 13/16	=	do

SILVER—

Spot in London	12 15/16	=	— 1/8
2 months hence	22 3/4	=	— 1/8
Spot in New York	49 5-8	=	— 3/8

EXCHANGES—

Paris cheques	25/17	=	+ 1/2
Berlin	20/31	=	unchanged
New York' Demand.....	4'86 3 4	=	do

DISCOUNTS—

Bank of England	4	pr ct =	do
3 months sight Bank bills	3 1/2	pr ct =	do
6 „ „ „ „	3 1/2	pr ct =	do
3 months sight Fine Trade Bills	3 7/8	pr ct =	do
6 months sight Fine Trade Bills	3 7/8	pr ct =	do

INTEREST—

Day to-day loans	3 3/8	pr ct =	do
7 day market loans	3 3/8	pr ct =	do

Amount paid into the Bank of England about £250,000.

The Bank of England reserve is 48 per cent. of the liabilities.

Sugar.—German granulated 1st March 9 3-4 April-May. Tone firm.

Metals:—Copper Braziers £73.

Yellow metal 6 5-8d.

Tin Plates 12s.

Bar Iron Belgian £5-3-6.

Iron Corrugated Sheets £11-10s.

Basic Steel Bars £5-6s.

Rapeseed.—Yellow Gunzrat 35 1-4, April May Sellers, Tone stead.

Rapeseed.—Yellow Cawnpore 34 March-April, Business done. Tone steady.

Rapeseed.—Brown 32 1-4, April-May. Business done. Tone Steady.

Linseed Bold 41 3-4. April-May. Buyers, tone quie.

Arrivals.—Steamer Egremont Castleard Unienfels In Liverpool.—

Cotton Market closed firm. Surats quiet. Manchester firm. Total sales 10,000 bales. Spot 5'48. Plus 2 Sold on speculation and for Export 2,000 bales. Imports 6,000. Arrivals closed quiet.

April-May.	May-June.	June-Jul.	July-Aug.
5'24	5'25	5'26	5'25
—4	—4	—4	—4
Aug-Sept.	**Sept-Oct.**	**Oct. Nov.**	**Nov.-Dec.**
5'15	4'83	4'61	4'54
—4	—2	—2	—2

In New York—

Receipts at the Port	9,000 bales.
Do. last year	9,000 „
Exports to Great Britain	Nil „
Do. Continent	8,000 „
Mid-Uplands	10'50
Futures, month of July	9 93 = — 9
Do. do. December	8'36

In New Orleans—

Spot	10 1-8 = —1-16
Futures month of July	10'14 = —12
Do. October	8'38 = —3
Tone at close	steady.

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., on Tuesday, 16th April, 1903:—

Cotton	10,598 bales.
Wheat	13,144 cwts.
Linseed	28,747 „
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds ...	22,218 „
Gingellyseed	6,491 „
Poppyseed	3,724 „
Groundnuts	27 „
Castorseed	29,945 „
Rice	11,682 „
Myrabollams	5,460 „
Cottonseed	15,840 „

[BOMBAY, FRIDAY, APRIL 17.

The following is the statement submitted by the Chairman of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay at the meeting held on the 7th instant. The statement, as will be seer, shows that the revenue exceeded all previous records and the trade of the Port continues to increase.

The year which closed on Tuesday last has been a very prosperous one for the Port Trust Finances. In the previous year the total revenue was a little over Rs. 55 1-2 lakhs (Rs. 55,59,000) and we were able to refer to it as a record year—the previous maximum having been Rs. 53 1-3 lakhs (Rs. 53,38,000) in 1899-00. In the year just closed the receipts were Rs. 59,12,391 or a little under 59 1-4 lakhs, showing an increase of more than 3 1-2 lakhs over the previous maximum.

The following statement shows the receipts as compared with the Budget Estimate and with the actuals in 1901-02:—

	Revised Budget estimates for year 1902-03.	Actuals in 1902-3.	Actuals. in 1901 02.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
General Accounts.			
Bunder properties including land	21,69,052	23,11,814	21,27,049
Prince's and Victoria Docks.	26,62,123	29,06,171	27,55,689
Merewether Dry Dock	1,55,000	1,55,377	1,43,852
Interest and Misc. Receipts.	1,79,300	1,21,773	1,24,084
Total.....	50,76,477	55,03,841	51,68,674
Port Department	2,00,000	2,08,950	2,03,881
Pilotage Department.....	1,87,000	2,01,624	1,84,608
Total.....	54,63,477	59,17,391	55,59,125

The actual receipts are greater than the Budget by Rs. 4'41 lakhs of which Rs. 3,03,000 is in increased receipts from charges on goods, Rs. 49,000 is in ground rents and Rs. 25,000 in ware-house rents. The Budget was framed on the actuals of the calendar year but the actual trade was considerably larger, there being improvement under imports in iron, machinery, handware, and kerosine oil, and under exports in Manganese ore, grain, and seeds. The improvement was spread over nearly every month in the year, but the trade in March was exceptionally heavy, the receipts in that month having aggregated Rs. 6'67 lakhs against Rs. 5'50 lakhs in the previous year.

The aggregate tonnage of vessels docked in the Merewether Dry Dock for the first time exceeded 500,000 tons the previous maximum having been 464,000 tons.

The expenditure accounts have not yet been made up, but it is estimated that the surplus for 1902-03 will amount to a little over Rs. 4 lakhs (4'10) after allowing for special grants for contingent works, dredging basins and channels, removal of wrecks, and for increases due to the cost of handling and supervising the larger trade.

These are the bare results of the year, and it will be admitted they are in every respect most satisfactory. It is proposed to hold over the review of the trade of the year until complete statistics are available as owing to the large trade in March a review based on the statistics of the 11 months ending February might prove misleading.

The surplus of the year will, if the proposals now before Government are approved, be added to the Revenue Reserve Fund which will then stand at nearly 20 lakhs.

The closing of the Home markets for the Easter holidays has, in a measure, affected us here, but during the holidays a good demand sprang up, and a fairly large business has done for export accounts and there was a moderate enquiry from local mills Since the opening of the governing markets, and the advance of 21 points in New York on Monday followed by a drop of 19 points on Tuesday, the enquiry from exporters has fallen off and only a small business has been done, as these violent fluctuations quite discount the trade. The demand has been principally for high class Oomras, Broach and Ginned Bengals, and prices have been well maintained. In lower grades, holders would be quite prepared to meet any inquiry. The "Sulta" Market for Bhownugger has been firm and good Bhownugger for 25th May delivery advanced to to Rs. 189 during the week, both has since declined to Rs. 183. For Sawginned Dharwar and Westerns there is some enquiry, and the market is firm. Prices have advanced Rs. 2 to Rs. 3 per candy. Rain is reported in the Southern Districts at the beginning of the week, and slight damage has been done to the crop. Some settlements of Broach for the 25th April delivery have been made. Receipts are beginning to show signs of falling off.

In the Seed Markets prices generally have given way slightly, and a moderate business in passing both for ready and forward deliveries.

LINSEED is quite, and with fairly good receipts quotations are about one anna per cwt. lower with a moderate daily enquiry for export.

RAPEED. Receipts are also increasing, but though prices are lower there is only a small business reported.

POPPYSEED. Quotations have declined sharply some 6 to 7 annas per cwt. for ready, and at current rates there was a good demand, and a large business has taken place.

CASTORSEED is lower at Rs 21¼ per candy with little doing.

GROUNDNUTS. In this market also there is little enquiry. The quotation is Rs. 32 1-4 to Rs. 32 1-2

GINGELLYSEED. Is steady with a fair business passing daily.

COTTONSEED transactions reported at Rs. 16 1-4 in a steady market.

WHEAT. There is a small business passing for export but current prices are too high to bring out any free enquiry.

We quote Hard Red Rs. 25 to Rs. 26.
„ Soft Red „ 28 1-2 to „ 29.
„ White Pearl „ 30

There has been a fairly large business reported in the Freight market and rates advanced about 1s. to 1s. 3d. per ton. A good demand sprung up during the holidays and some large lines were booked at from 14s. to 14s. 6d. picked ports and up to 14s. 9d. Hamburg for April loading, and 14s. 3d. picked ports May. Since the holidays there has also been a good enquiry daily and rates have further advanced for some ports, up to 15s. nominal for Liverpool, and 15s 6d. Liverpool, Hamburg, all for April shipment. For May 15s. 6d. is quoted but we hear of little business passing for this position. Rochesters have been reported 1st Bombay during the week.

The following changes occured in the Bank of Bombay statement, dated 8th April, compared with the previous week:—

LIABILITIES.

Public Deposits	Rs.	2,36,602	Decrease
Other Deposits		37,04,966	Decrease
Sundries		49,522	Increase

ASSETS.

Government Securities		13,866	Decrease
Other Authorized Securities		4,15	Decrease
Credits on Securities		87,824	Increase
Loans do.		1,10,577	Increase
Bills discounted & purchased		1,30,074	Increase
Balance with other Banks ...		4,55,019	Increase
Sundries		20,895	Increase
Cash		49,79,832	Decrease

These figures show an increase of 39'84 lakhs in the trade demand.

The Bank of Bengal statement, dated the 14th April, shows the following changes compared with the previous week:—

Public Demand.....	Rs.	37 lakhs	Decrease
Cash Head Office	„	21 „	Decrease
Do. Branches ...	„	10 „	Increase
Government Deposits...	„	32 „	Decrease
Bank's Investments ...	„	9 „	Increase

The Bank of Madras weekly statement shows a decline of 12 1-2 lakhs in the cash balance. The Directors of the Bank of Bombay at the meeting on the 16th instant reduced the official rate one per cent. to 6 per cent. per annum bringing it on a level with that of the Bank of Bengal. The Bank of Madras rate remains unchanged at 8 per cent. per annum. The local money market is very easy and there are large sums seeking employment. There were heavy withdrawals from the Presidency Bank immediately, preceding the holidays, the last Bank statement having been made up on the 8th instant. After the holidays, however, there was renewed ease, and at the close the quoted rate for short fixed deposits is 3 per cent. for one or two months, being a decline of one per cent. since last week.

The mail of the 3rd April from London, brought £80,000 silver and £40,000 gold to Bombay, and also the following Council Bills:—

Calcutta	Rs.	19,60,000
Bombay	„	24,90,000
Madras	„	5,90,000
	Rs.	70,40,000

The mail of the 10th April from London, brings £120,000 silver and £30,000 gold to Bombay, and the following Council Bills:—

Calcutta	Rs.	34,10,000
Bombay	„	13,60,000
Madras	„	8,10,000
	Rs.	55,80,000

The mail of the 17th April from London brings £100,000 silver and £30,000 gold to Bombay, and the following Council Bills:—

Calcutta	Rs.	29,50,000
Bombay	„	15,20,000
Madras	„	4,40,000
	Rs.	49,10,000

At the weekly allotment on Wednesday last 47'30 lakhs was taken in Bills at 1s. 3 31-32d. and 2'70 lakhs in Telegraphic Transfers at 1s. 4 1-32d. Tenderers at these rates received 17 per cent. The amount for next week is unaltered at fifty lakhs. Extra allotments amounting to 1'90 lakhs were taken in Bills.

The Sterling Exchange market was steady when the Banks reopened after the Easter holidays on Tuesday last. The general quotations were all unchanged, but a moderate amount of Bank Telegraphic Transfers was placed at 1s. 4d. for delivery up to the 25th instant and at 1s. 3 31-32d. for all May. Bank Demand was also given at 1s. 4d. for delivery up to the middle of May, but nothing better was obtainable for cash. On Thursday Bank Telegraphic Transfer was only given at even money in one quarter and for cash, there being no sellers for forward delivery at the rate. In Mercantile paper three months sight D-A bills were quoted 1s. 4 3-16d. for April and first half of May, but business was reported at 1s. 4 5-32d. for all May. We hear of few bills forthcoming either for ready or forward delivery, but the market is fairly steady and an increase in the volume of business passing is anticipated in the near future. Exports continue on a moderately large scale both to Europe and the Far East and further heavy shipments have to take place before the monsoon sits in. For the monsoon months the quotations are as follows:—

Bank T. T.	1s. 3 15-16d.
Bank Demand...	1s. 3 31-32d.
3 months sight D. A. bills...	1s. 4 1-8d.

Eastern rate are higher following the rise in silver.

The Rupee Paper market has shown no important features during the week under review. The quotations are quite steady at Rs. 98-13 to Rs. 98-14 both for cash and the forthcoming settlement of the 15th May. Transactions are very restricted as the absence of fluctuations causes outsiders to abstain from entering the market and the only business reported is confined to the bazaar operators. With continued ease in the money market there ought to be increased activity in Rupee Paper shortly, and as the floating stock is not very large the bulls may succeed in still further raising the rate, before the new loan is launched on the market.

The Three per cent stock is now quoted Rs. 87 1-4.

		Repayable.	Rate.
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust	...	1923	101 1-2
4 per cent „ „	...	1920	101 1-2
4 per cent „ „	...	1932	101 1-2
4 per cent Bombay Municipal	...	1923	100
5 per cent „ „	...	1940	101
5 per cent „ „	...	Tansa	116
5 per cent „ „	...	Sanitary	115
4 per cent Bo. Improvt Trust	...	1959	100 1-2
4 per cent „ „	...	1961	101-8

Private Bank Bills:—none.

English Bar Silver, ex duty, ready Rs. 58-10-0
Do. do. 1st Settlement Rs. 58-10-0
Do. do. 2nd do. Rs. 58-9-0
English Bar Gold, ready Rs. 24-0-6

The Silver market re-opened after the holidays at Rs. 59. A moderate business was put through since last mail left and the close the rate has declined to Rs. 58-10 following home advices. The tone of the market is steady but the offtake during the week has slackened off a little. The gold market continues neglected.

The Coal market is quiet and only a few small rates are reported at slightly reduced rates.

PIECEGOODS.—Both for Greys and Whites there is a moderate demand and prices remain unaltered. For Prints, Dyed goods and Fancies there is a fair demand and although prices remain the same some lines for forward deliveries are reported to have been placed, clearances from the Bazar are on a fair scale.

The local Yarn market has been quiet but steady, with, nothing doing. Prices remain unchanged.

In the Metal market prices are unshanged both in Copper and Yellow Metal as well as in Iron and owing to demand being very slack a very small amount of fresh business is reported. Spelter and quick silver are also unaltered.

The Share market is quite but steady. Bank of Bombay shares changed hands at Rs. 1278 3-4 during the week. In Railway Companies Tapty Valley have advanced to Rs. 431-1-4 X. D. and Ahmedabad Prantej are quiet at Rs 535. In Mill shares Manekji Petit's have advanced to Rs 1890 cum-divid. Centrals are unchanged at Rs. 1640 and Swadeshis steady at Rs. 750 Currimbhais have improved to Rs. 540 cum-divid. Dividends have changed hands at Rs. 242 1-2, Cuinas at Rs. 467 1-2, Queen Mill shares at Rs. 465. Colaba Land and Mills are quiet at Rs. 390. Coorla mill shares are steady at Rs 500 cum-divid. Morarjees are quiet at Rs. 1580 and Shivlapurs are steady as Rs. 1775 Sassoon mill steady at Rs 725 cum-divid and Sassoon Silk mill are steady at Rs 510 cum-divid Kohinoors are steady at Rs. 300. In Miscellaneous list Badhams have changed hands at Rs. 158. Bombay Burmahs are quiet at Rs. 6525 and quarter shares at Rs. 1650, Trenchers have changed hands at Rs. 655, Kemps are unchanged at Rs. 245. In Press shares New Mofussils are quiet at Rs. 497 1-2 New Indians have changed hands at Rs, 167 1-2 New Berars at Rs, 180 Harvey and Sabapathy at Rs. 650. Hingolees are quiet at Rs. 163 3-4. The rest of the companies are quiet and unchanged at previous quotations with little or no business reported.

EXCHANGE—Tone steady.

Bank T. T.	1s. 3 31-32d.
Bank Demand	1s. 4d.
Credit Bills 3 Months Sight D. A...	1s. 4 3-16d.
Do 6 do do	1s. 4 5-16d.
French Francs 3 do do	170
Marks 3 do do	138 1-4
Hongkong 30 Days' Sight	120
Shanghai 30 do do	161
Japan 30 do do	150

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—3 1-2 per cent—Tone quiet.

Ons.	Rs.	98 13
1st Settlement	Rs.	98 13

Money Market.—Tone easy.

BANK RATE—

Bank of England since 2nd October	4	per cent.
Bank of Bombay do, 16th April	6	do.
Bank of Bengal do, 2nd April	6	do.
Bank of Madras do. 10th Feb.	8	do.

SEEDS.

Linseed.—Tone quiet.	Rs.	a.	p.
Ready	7	4	
Forward April-May	7	4	

Rapeseed.—Tone steady.

Brown Cawnpore Ready ...	5	5	to	5	6
Do Forward					
April-May ...	5	6			
Yellow Cawnpore, Ready ...	5	12	to	5	13
Do Forward					
April-May ...	5	13			
Yellow Guzerat Ready ...	6	0	to	6	1
Do Gujarat Forward, April-May ...	6	1			

Poppyseed.—Tone steady.

Ready	6	15			
Forward April-May	6	14			

Castorseed—Tone quiet.

Ready	21	8			
Forward April-May ...	22	0			

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone	quiet.
Estimated sales	8,000
Total imports	14,000

April-May	May-June.	June-July
5'23	5'24	5'25
—4	—4	—4

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept-Oct	Oct.-Nov.	Nov-Dec.
5'25	4'79	4'00	4'53	
—4	—1	—1	—1	

COTTON—Tone quiet not steady.

Official quotations of the Bombay Cotton Trade Association Limited:—

Growths	Fine	F.-G.	Good	Delivery
Bengals H. G. (Ry. terms)...	173	164	157	25 April
Bengals M. G. (Ry. terms)...	165	176	...	do.
Sind-Punjab (M. G.) ...	183	175	...	do.
Dholl

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THE steamer Strathgyle, 2,231 tons, Captain J R Gordon, will sail to-day, for Baltimore, with a general cargo.

THE P and O Co's steamer Tientsin, 7,5 3 tons, Captain H W Kenrick, will sail to-day, for Shanghai with a general cargo.

THE steamer Gulf of Trinidade, 1,604 tons, Captain T Hughes, will sail to-day, for Jeddah, with a general cargo and 69 deck passengers.

THE Bombay and Persia S N Co's steamer Naseri, 912 tons, Captain T L Mylcrist, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Jed. ah, 2nd April, with a cargo of specie and 383 pilgrims as passengers.

THE Austrian Lloyd's S N Co's steamer Marquis Bacquehem, 2,741 tons, Captain T Rassovich, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Calcutta via coa t ports, with a general cargo and the following na engers:—Mr Creaser, Rev Reeve, Mr and Mrs Beebridge and two children and three deck.

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—APRIL 17.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent.
Carthage	2393	Jephson			P & O Co
Rance	3814	Corran			T M & Co
Hutarn	1356	Cole			M M & Co
Corinthia	2359	Miller			A Montochoff
Okara	3150	Sharp			M M & Co
Landaura	2131	Butler			M M & Co
James Brand	2574	Francis			W & A G & Co
Upada	2382	Fauscett			M M & Co
Wbridge	2268	Chewers			W & A G & Co
Mozaffari	1387	Molony			B & P S N Co
Ula	3426	Stone	Calcutta		M M & Co
Sirdhana	2074	Hamber			M M & Co
Istrar	3278	Yeaks			K N & Co
Chancellor	297	Teodant			T M & Co
City of Dundee	2372				K N & Co
Massilia	741	Cockman	London		F & O Co
Wandby	2289	Finney			K N & Co
Zoroaster	2383	Davies			The Captain
Ferdia	1956	Kemi			W & A G & Co
Kt Commander	2716	Durant			T M & Co
Nankin	2357	Montford	China	25-1	P & O Co
Dwarka	7.2	Rothwell			M & Co
A Jantgalberry	1012	Le Burchely			J M & Co
Kercelia	1443	Hodgson			M M & Co
Manila	1669	Sonzer			K Tajbkoy
Clan Buchanan	1917	Hunter			F M & Co
Deutschland bq	765	Nacoda			
Persia	4198	Wyler			P & O Co
M Bacquehem	2741	Rassovich			A L S N Co
Naseri	912	Mylcrist			B & P S N Co

VESSELS IN DOCKS.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
A	Abergeldie	2433	Keith	Marseilles	2-4	K N & Co
B	Crewe Hall	2-39	Collier	Dunkirk	2-4	K N & Co
D	Alleppo	1557	Rayard	Hull	2-4	F M & Co
F	Chancellor	2837	Tennant	Antwerp	27-4	T M & Co
G	G of Trinidade	1604	Hughes	Jeddah	15-1	B & P S N Co
K	Palatina	2-2	Stewart	Dunkirk	22-4	T M & Co
M	Dromonby	2338	McCullock	Antwerp	25-4	K N & Co
N	Rowena	1942	Phippen	Kratzwick	18-4	K N & Co
O	Calliope	1-4	Peloe	Dieppe	25-4	Ralli Bros
P	Ramsay	2767	Mullar	Baltimore	24-4	R A Willis

HARBOUR WALL.

Indravati	913	Mahmed	Karachi	18-4	Shepd & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
1	Colobaria	3127	Kendall			M M & Co
2	C Buchanan	1918	Hunter	Mormugao	24-4	F M & Co
3	Strathgyle	2231	Gordon	Baltimore	17-4	R A Willis
5	Tientsin	2535	Cooke	China	18-4	P & O S N Co
6	Valetta	2574	Palmer	China	22-4	P & O S N Co
7	Vyncita	2833	Milne	London	25-4	W & A G & Co
8	Hoseinee	999	D'Lorne	P Gulf	23-4	B & P S N Co
9	Cy of Vienna	2979	Campbell	Karachi	20-4	K N & Co
10&11	Bombay M	3439	Mural	Japan	24-4	N Y Yamba
12	Britannia	6326	Seymour	London	18-4	P & O S N Co
15	Springwell	1911	Chisholm	Hamburg	29-4	M M & Co
16	Westmoor	2741	Owen	Antwerp	25-4	Ralli Bros

ARRIVALS.

April.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
17	Naseri s	Mylcrist	Jeddah, April 2
	Marq Bacquehem s	Rassovich	Calcutta, April 4
	Persia s	Wheler	London, March 27

DEPARTURES.

April	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
17	R I M S Canning	Kendall	Rangoon†
	Klytus s	Nielsen	P Gulf via Karachi
	Okara s	Sharp	Calcutta, &c
	James Brand s	Torrance	Karachi
	Lachia s	Mazarino	Hongkong
	Relchang s	Jawald	Zanzibar, &c
	City of Dundee s	Baillie	Karachi

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—

Steamer Tientsin, Kenrick, for Shanghai.
" Strathgyle, Gordon, for Baltimore.
" Gulf of Trinidade, Hughes, for Jeddah.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—

Steamer Katoria, for Persian Gulf, &c,
" Istrar, for Antwerp.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, APRIL 16.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Sutherland, arrived here this afternoon.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macaulay, arrived here from Colombo, Madras and Calcutta yesterday evening.

LIVERPOOL, APRIL 16.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macarthur, left here for Colombo, Madras and Calcutta this afternoon.

DAILY EXPORTS.—APRIL 17.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Venetia s—700 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 30) bales cotton, Glazebrook Tejpal and Co; 61 bales wo l, Forbes Forbes and Co; 500 cwt myrabollams N Futehally and Co; 46 bales wool, The Bombay Co; 500 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 500 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 11 bales hemp, Rajee Oomersey.

FOR LONDON,

Britannia s—19 cwt ivory, Ebram Passia,

FOR HULL.

Aleppo s—253 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

FOR KIRK.

Crewe Hall s—2,000 cwt jutespyned. Volkart Brothers; 700 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 2,062 cwt rapeseed, N Sundaji and Co; 1,000 cwt rapeseed, Killick Nixon and Co; 1,000 cwt sirgellyseed, Owen and Gkell.

Palatina s—1,980 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 1,000 cwt rapeseed, A Hajeck and Co; 1,000 cwt rapeseed and 2,115 cwt rapeseed, Ralli Brothers.

Amiral Jauriguiberry s—4.0 cwt horns, H A Mahomed; 369 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 4,0 0 cwt linseed, Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Westmoor s—125 cwt linseed and 3 2/5 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

Chancellor s—1,0.0 cwt ground nuts, and 852 cwt mustard seed, A Hajeck and Co; 1,500 bales cotton, Ralli Brothe s; 7.0 lbs mace, D Ishandji.

Dromonby s—400 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 2,000 cwt rapeseed, Forbes Forbes and Co; 4,0.0 cwt rapeseed, Tyabjee Badrudin and Co; 200 cwt gum, Forbes Forbes and Co; 2,0.0 cwt castorseed, G G Tejpal and Co; 50 cwt coir yarn, Societa Coloniale Italiana; 2.0 bales hemp, Kanjee Visram and Co; 100 0 sandalwood, Forbes Forbes and Co.

Istrar s—1,0)0 tons manganese ore, Kiddle Reeve and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Venetia s—12,000 cwt rapeseed, Nanseo Khairez and Co; 1,000 cwt mustardseed, A Hajeck and Co; 2,000 cwt bone meal, Craft Mody and Co.

Admiral Jauriguiberry s—2,3.8 cwt linseed, Volkart Brothers; 1,0.0 sacks o lcake, F.L.F. de Sasse and Co; 200 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 2.0 0 cwt linseed, D Nanji and Co; 110 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Abergeldie s—15,317 cwt teakseed, and 920 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

FOR ROTTERDAM.

Aleppo s—65 cwt gum, Hurji e Vrishore.

FOR TRIESTE.

Marq Bacquehem s—19 ca es Mr. Ostermeyer and Co,

FOR KOBE.

Nankin s— 05 bales cotton, Shingtai Company.

Bombay Maru s—2,2 bales cotton, R S N Tairli and Co; 503 bales cotton, D D Currimjee and 556 bales cotton, Tata and Co; 3 bales cotton, Madr swalla Sons and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Valetta s—175 bales twist, G Homonjee and Co.

Bombay Maru s—800 bales twist, D vid Sassoon and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Bombay Maru s—800 bales twist, G Ebrahim and Co.

Nankin s—2,000 bales twist, C abrahim and Co; 1,'00 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

Tientsin s—100 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

Valetta s—27 cases opium, F and O Company.

DIVINE SERVICE.

FIRST SUNDAY AFTER EASTER, 19TH APRIL, ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion—Choral—Eyre in H E flat.
Hymns—127, 125 Pt. III, 311 and 156.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—138, 130 and 137.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis—Tours in F.
Collection for Church expenses.
Daily Matins at 6-15 a.m.
Daily Holy Communion at 7-15 a.m.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, COLABA.
(Afghan Memorial Church.)

11 a.m.—Parade Service.
8 a.m.—Choral Celebration of the Holy Communion.
Hymns—314, 318 and 167.
6 p.m.—Evensong, Choral and Sermon.
Hymns—127, 591 and 274.
Offertories during the day for Church expenses.

BOWEN MEMORIAL METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
(Apollo Bunder.)

9-15 a.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
11 a.m.—Divine Service.
6 p.m.—Divine Service. Preacher Rev. L. E. Linsell.
All Seats free and Strangers cordially invited.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH.

8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
Hymns—126. 111, 321 and 183.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—133, 2.2, 125 and 373.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

8 a.m.—Morning Prayer and Sermon by Rev H McNeile.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer, Holy Communion and Sermon by Rev H McNeile.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

6 a.m.—Holy Eucharist.
7 a.m.—Solemn Eucharist. Preacher Rev. Father Biscoe.
10 a.m.—Matins (Choral).
6 p.m.—Solemn Evensong. Preacher Rev Fr. Nicholson.
Alms for Church Expenses.

THE UNITED FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.
(Waudby Road.)

11 a.m.—Joint Service (St. Andrew's Church.) Rev J Cameron.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Class.
6 p.m.—Evening Service Rev Alex. S Crichten.
Hymns—22), 170, 192 and 110.
Psalm—123.

ST. NICHOLAS' SEAMEN'S CHURCH,
Opposite the Main Gate of Prince's Dock.

10-30 a.m.—Matins.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Daily.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
7-15 p.m.—Evensong.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.
(Church of Scotland.)

11 a.m.—Joint Service.
Psalm—89.
Hymns—114, 187 and 21.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Service.
Hymns—163, 21, and 285.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, PAREL.
(Madras Time.)

8 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Eucharist.
8-30 a.m.—Matins.
Hymns—199 and 370.
5-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—185, 500, 193, 695 and 20.

ST. STEPHEN'S CHURCH, SANDRA.

11 a.m.—Matins, Sermon and Celebration of the Holy Eucharist.

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns should be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1903.

AUSTRALIAN LIFE.

"THIRTY Years in Australia" is a book of reminiscences embracing an epoch in the advance of that robust continent. The writer brought to the consideration of the country a mind entirely ignorant of its past, its actual development, its climate, or the manners and customs of its people. She was besides a person of open nature ready to appreciate novel surroundings, and in spite of an ardent love for her native country and everything in it, not averse to accept the rough and ready experiences inevitable in a new life, in a new land. The Bush to her was a vast and mysterious shrubbery, with occasional spears hurtling through it. Story-books that had Australia for a back-ground were not supported by contemporary authority, though curiosities were promised in plenty, songless birds, scentless flowers, the kangaroo that carries its family in a breast pocket, were all vouched for, and there was certainly one real adventure to be lived through before reaching the antipodes, a seventy-seven days' voyage by sailing-ship, then—1870—considered smart work, for forty other ships were overdue as the "Hampshire" with these emigrants took the pilot on board near Hudson's Bay. He spent three days in bringing them to anchor in Port Melbourne, Melbourne then struck the writer with wonder, but in thirty years she does not find that any striking general change occurred. In 1870 its streets were paved and macadamised, throughout with every sort of carriage, though kangaroos were then as now confined to the Zoological Gardens. Even the last real bushranger had come "to his inevitable bad end" before she arrived. Mining had steadied down to a quite respectable pursuit. The Town Hall, Public Library, Melbourne Hospital, University, Fitzroy and Botanical Gardens, Pentridge Prison, all these were flourishing as they are now. Even the shops were tempting. At one of these the travellers—a young clergyman and his wife—dutifully purchased a snake-bite cure for Bush life. Needless to say it was never used, though in their Bush rides in warm weather every mile or two was punctuated by the conscientious killing of an ambulatory snake. In those days it was a point of honour to slay a snake at sight no matter what the difficulty, and obedience to this unwritten code may account for the rarity of snakes now in inhabited Australia. The journey from Melbourne for the post to which the young clergyman had been appointed took the greater part of five days—it is now accomplished by the Sydney express in four hours; for the last stage, with Sunday ominously near, a short cut was attempted, landing men and horses in a bog-hole, from which they were with difficulty rescued. Made roads and drainage works have enabled settlers to forget that such dangers existed. On the other hand in the Bush the squatters were in their golden prime in Victoria, the free selector was a new institution in the land, hardy manliness, simplicity and sincerity of character were, according to this writer, common to the settlers in the Bush. The country-houses were rough, the opossums flew over the canvas ceilings, the furniture plain, but the guest was more than welcome. Now these houses are Europeanised. There are even footmen and valets to be negociated, and there is also an off chance that the uninvited visiter may be looked on as inopportune, to say the least.

A three-roomed cottage was the first home of the clergyman and his wife, the front door opened direct on the sitting room. In no one spot was there space to swing a cat, if they wanted such joy, and when a cradle came it had to do without rockers for want of room. This writer learned in the Bush not alone to do without things she was brought up to think she wanted, but philosophically found relief in being without them. A Dutch friend—a fellow-traveller—helped them in their first struggles. He boarded at the hotel, but used to chop wood, draw water, boil kettles, make the garden, catch fish, until a regular service was established in this wild station. Their second home was near a lake where "flocks of black swans used to sail past the kitchen door within reach of a potato peeling early and late, the air was full of the quick beat and rush of wings—wild duck in hundreds and thousands going out or coming home . . . their flight was like the flutter of silver cloth." The Chinaman was a feature, and, according to this sojourner, an admirable one, of the old Australian days. He had the patience to grow vegetables when Europeans had not, and he made them pay in spite of all kinds of enemies to cultivation. Even to-day every little township depends for its so necessary vegetable food on the despised but reliable Chinaman. If Ada Cambridge ever feels ashamed of Australia it is on account of her treatment of the yellow labourer. Poor cottage Chinese working "on their own" are treated as if they were a factory and fined if they work overtime; one had to pay lots of money for ironing his own shirt out of factory hours. A candidate seeking the suffrages of the electors, shouted to the delight of his hearers, "Chinese should be either pole-axed or poll-taxed in such a manner as would make the country too hot for them." Mrs. Cambridge is in earnest when she condemns such treatment of an alien race for no reason but its industry. A journey in the Murray country by the river, wriggling through its two colonies like a length of waved braid, was a somewhat risky adventure in those times. Some parts of the road were so steep that while "the horses clung to the track digging their toes in at every step the boggy hung at right angles to them down the hill; the least jib would have plunged them into the water beneath," and worse was to come, for they were finally lost in the Bush in the darkest of dark nights, and had to wait in the rain till morning to get righted. The function for which they had made the long and rough journey was simple but impressive, for in the seventies and in these remote outskirts where the school-house was the Church, the country carts gathered from far and near, the worshippers heartily sincere the men close packed, mothers and babies inseparable, sheep, dogs, and cattle dogs with their masters, enjoying an occasional disagreement which disturbed none of those healthy souls. The Sunday's work consisted of three services in three different stations. The return journey from this arduous Sabbath was more exciting, for a Bush fire had to be driven through on the narrow, dusty, buggy track, they plunged into the flaming belt hoping it would be only a few yards to safety, but "it turned out nearer half a mile . . . we were like Shadrach, Meshach, and Abednego in the burning fiery furnace, enveloped in a glare as of the infernal regions. Not a word did we speak, except to urge on the horses on which our lives depended, and which we are convinced they saved. They shivered and jumped and snorted a little when the flames came very near or they were touched by a spark, but never for a moment gave way to the panic which would have been natural and would have destroyed us all. . . Such nerve and courage I never saw or heard of in horses."

There is plenty of local colour in this book, and the transition stage of society in many out of the way places in Australia is amusingly described. The courage and endurance with which difficulties of all kinds were faced speaks for the robustness of the constitutions handed down to the Australian Contingents of the South African war. One incident was worthy of a Roman mother, the prima donna of a parish concert—in which Mrs. Cambridge truly says the human interest predominated—went gallantly through her song, bowed to the applause, and then fled with the doctor and his wife who were fortunately at the concert. Another antipodean appeared on the scene directly the brave singer arrived at home. Mrs. Cambridge gives an amazing and amusing sample of the attitude of the Australian holiday tripper towards all and sundry. Lord and Lady Rosebery were staying at a friend's house where also was the writer. When the guests went out to the tennis-court they found it already monopolised by Arrys with their Arriets, who having seen the fine court with its balls and rackets ready could not resist playing a game. They saw it out, too, utterly undisturbed by the smart party to whom the ground belonged, and did not even offer thanks or apologies as they moved away. Then Lord Rosebery wearily took up his racket and started in. A "disrespectful country" surely. The Golden City, Ballarat, seems to this writer the correct Federal Capital, if only because of its cool and bracing climate it is exactly central for all the states, too, which is a very excellent reason. "But in discussing sites for the future Washington, no one seems to take into account what an effect upon legislation a languid air and no quitos of a night may have," she writes, and we pause to consider whether our Bombay legislature is not subdued and brought below par by these undoubted qualifications of our beautiful city. Reviewing the changes brought by the thirty years from 1870 to 1900, the writer is not in optimistic vein. On the contrary she gives her verdict strongly against Federation. A stationary population of less than four millions, with laws to prevent immigration of alien races, and no laws against emigration of young and able-bodied Australians do not seem to promise much for healthy expansion. The population is over-horsed with fourteen Houses of Parliament, fifty ministers, and nearly a thousand members, all luxuriously provided for. Each House can pledge the credit of its section of the country and the Federal house that of the whole. Government tends more and more to be the sole employer of labour, private citizens being pursued with tantalising rules and prohibitions. But the country is as fine as it ever was, and the hopes of the real lovers of Australia are centred in the new movement, which is supported by its independent and intellectual Press, to bring about the day of emancipation and enlightenment which will remove the clog from the feet of the Australian colonies.

LORD NORTHCOTE AT ADEN.

THE feature of Lord Northcote's Governorship has undoubtedly been his Excellency's keen desire to discover the practical bearings of questions at first hand. His periodical tours have been essentially business trips taken to ascertain precisely, on the spot, the local conditions of a problem necessary to be dea't with. His Excellency's recent trip to Aden was especially one of this nature, and, more than any of his previous tours, appears to mark the distinguishing characteristic of Lord Northcote's regime. For twenty years no Governor of Bombay had found it necessary nor thought it desirable to pay a visit to Aden. While this disregard may not occasion any reflection upon Lord Northcote's predecessors the visit of the present Governor to the port, at any rate, indicates a desirable change in the manner of regarding that important outpost of the empire. Events in Arabia and North-East Africa, together with the growing commercial importance of Aden as the territory on both sides of the gulf is being exploited, are, no doubt, responsible for the greater attention now being paid to the needs of the port and also, it is probable, for the suggestion that Aden should be transferred to the control of the Foreign Office. The Arab merchants who were the first to greet his Excellency with an address have apparently heard of the reputation which the Foreign Office enjoys, and clearly indicated their belief that the interests of Aden would not prosper under its direction. But that, of course, was not a subject on which his Excellency could express an opinion or make any statement at all. Lord Northcote went to Aden primarily for the purpose of learning facts concerning proposals for the increase of trade facilities and the development of the port; and from the representations submitted to him it is clear that local opinion, swayed by individual interests, is strongly divided on important matters. The Commission which was appointed to specially investigate the needs of Aden recommended that a deep sea jetty should be built at a cost of 18 lakhs of rupees. They also recommended that the work of deepening the inner harbour should be continued at a cost of twelve lakhs and they suggested the construction of a railway to the interior. The merchants who addressed Lord Northcote, urged the execution of these schemes which, they say, will facilitate communication by sea, will relieve the trade of the port of the present heavy landing and shipping charges, will attract a greater number of steamers to ply between Aden and other ports in the Red Sea, and will cheapen freights. In holding these views the merchants appear to be in the right, and their attitude seems to be more in accordance with a regard for the development of the port than is that taken up by the Chamber of Commerce. The members of the Chamber presented a lengthy and controversial address to his Excellency in which they urged that a deep sea jetty was unnecessary and that by imposing a burden of debt upon the port for forty years it would effectually defeat its object. It is not without interest to note that the signatories to the Chamber's address were mostly representatives of shipping firms, whose individual interests especially in the matter of lessening freight charges are not precisely identical with those of the merchants. His Excellency did not omit to point out this fact, and in regard to other features of the representation regretted that they had not been submitted to the notice of Government earlier. The Chamber estimates the total annual imports and exports at Aden, exclusive of coal and salt, to be 130,000 tons, a figure, which his Excellency suggested, was less than other estimates which had been formed. He, however, promised that these and other statistics put forward to strengthen the arguments against the proposed public wharf would be carefully considered by Government. It may be observed that the views of the Chamber on this important subject are not alone those which need to be considered, but there are points of larger importance to which full weight will have to be given. The Chamber was in agreement with other opinion as to the necessity for deepening the harbour and widening the mooring basin as well as in regard to the advantages of a railway into the interior extending to the frontier of the British protectorate. They had also something to say on the subject of the reduction of Port Trust charges and the establishment of a clearing house for collecting and apportioning the transit dues levied by the tribes. On these matters his Excellency spoke with sympathy as well as on a number of other points in regard to which commercial opinion in Aden is unanimous. Lord Northcote's visit to the port was a success in enabling him to hear diverse views on a number of important questions and in directing public attention more closely to Aden than has been the case for a long time; while there is no doubt that excellent results will follow a visit which was a notable occurrence for the inhabitants as well as an incident of exceptional interest in his Excellency's term of office.

THE HEALTH OF THE CITY.

ALTHOUGH the statistics of the mortality of the city of Bombay are still abnormally high, the figures for the past week indicate a dec

TELEGRAMS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

KING EDWARD'S TOUR.

HIS MAJESTY'S ARRIVAL AT MALTA.

GREAT NAVAL SPECTACLE.

THE VISIT TO FRANCE.

LONDON, APRIL 16.

The King has arrived at Malta where he has had a brilliant reception. On the voyage from Gibraltar he was escorted by six cruisers. The sea pageant was unprecedented. Eighteen destroyers joined the squadron west of Malta adding to the impressiveness of the spectacle. The weather throughout was beautiful. This is the first time that a British monarch has traversed the Mediterranean.

The French appear determined to omit nothing to pay fitting honour to the King. The programme includes a race meeting at Longchamps and a great Review at Vincennes. A distinguished Admiral and General have been appointed to attend his Majesty during his stay.

LONDON, APRIL 17.

The King received an ovation on landing at Malta. He replied in separate speeches to the various addresses presented to him. He attended a State opera in the evening.

THE BALKAN CRISIS.

KING OF SERVIA ON THE OUTLOOK.

RUSSO-AUSTRIAN REPRESENTATIONS.

PRINCE FERDINAND LEAVES BULGARIA.

The King of Servia, in addressing his Ministers at a banquet, declared that the situation in the Balkans was grave. A fateful time, he said, was approaching for all the Balkan peoples, and Servia must reckon with this eventuality and prove worthy of her great leaders in the past.

The Russian and Austrian Ambassadors made on the 14th instant, certain representations at Yildiz Kiosk. The precise nature thereof is unknown, but the Ministers remained in consultation all night.

Amidst the renewed cabinet crisis at Sofia Prince Ferdinand has suddenly started for Mentone.

SOMALILAND.

LONDON, APRIL 17.

A Reuter telegram from Aden, dated the 17th instant, states that a dispatch from Manning reports that his column engaged the enemy south-west of Galadi on the 11th instant, inflicting heavy losses and capturing immense quantities of live-stock.] The British had one killed.

PRESIDENT LOUBET'S TOUR.

President Loubet has gone to Oran.

THE UNREST IN MOROCCO.

The Moorish Sultan has decided to personally lead the column operating against the Pretender's forces in the Taza and Riff districts.

ARMY APPOINTMENT.

Major-General William Terence Shone has been appointed Inspector-General of Fortifications.

THE CANADIAN BUDGET.

The Canadian Budget shows a surplus of dols. 13,350,000. The Minister announced that as negociations had failed to induce Germany to treat Canadian products fairly a surtax of one-third additional on the present duty would be immediately levied on German imports.

THE MAILS.

LONDON, APRIL 16.

The Bombay mails of the 4th instant arrived at Brindisi yesterday.

DEATH OF MR. HORACE BELL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 17.

An Indian Daily News' special cablegram, dated London, the 16th instant, announces the death of Mr. Horace Bell, M.I.C.E., late of the Public Works Department.

[Mr. Horace Bell, M.I.C.E., was appointed Assistant Engineer on the 7th July, 1866. He served in the Central Provinces and in Central India, and was promoted to the rank of Executive Engineer, First Grade, in March 1871. He subsequently served in the Punjab, Rajputana, and Siudia and Neemuch State Railway, and was made Superintending Engineer in January, 1880. In November, 1881, he was transferred to Bengal, and was Engineer-in-Chief of the Dacca and Maimansingh Railway Surveys. In February, 1884, he became Manager and Engineer-in-Chief of the Tirhut State Railway, and from July to October 1887, he held the post of Acting Director of the North-Western Railway. In the following year he became Engineer-in-Chief of the great Western of India Railway Survey, and he held a similar post in connection with the Moghul Sarai-Howrah Railway Survey in 1889. Subsequently he held the following posts:—Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, August, 1890; Chief Engineer, October, 1890; Officiating Director-General of Railways and Departmental Secretary, January to April, 1893. He afterwards reverted to his post of Consulting Engineer, and he retired in June 1894.]

DEPARTURE OF MR. JUSTICE PRINSEP.

LEAVE-TAKING AT CALCUTTA HIGH COURT.

Mr. Justice Prinsep, replying to the Senior Government pleaders, who on behalf of the vakeels wished him a safe voyage home and a speedy restoration to health, said it is not improbable that he may not be able to return. He had held office for more than a quarter of a century, longer than any of the Indian Judge since the constitution of the High Court, and he would always look back with pleasure to the many years he had usefully spent among them. If it should so happen that he did not return to India, it was his intention to undertake some work which he trusted may not be without some service to the general community.

THE CHARGES AGAINST A PLANTER.

FINDING OF THE JURY.

REFERENCE TO THE HIGH COURT.

A telegram from Silchar, dated the 15th instant, states:—

The Ross case concluded to-day, and the jury unanimously acquitted the accused of the charges of assault and compulsion of labour. He was also acquitted by a majority on the charge of wrongful confinement, but the Court refused to accept the verdict.

The matter is being referred to the High Court.

THE DELHI DURBAR MEDALS.

Orders will be issued immediately regarding the Delhi Coronation medals. The total number of medals to be issued will be 2,500. They will be given to all the mutiny veterans who were present, and it is understood each infantry regiment will get eight and each cavalry regiment six medals.

THE KING EMPEROR'S BIRTHDAY.

NO HONOURS LIST.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

VICEROY'S CAMP, APRIL 17.

In consequence of the large distribution of Indian Honours that took place in connection with the Delhi Durbar on the 1st of January last, there will be no general honours list on the 30th of May next, the date on which the King-Emperor's birthday is celebrated in India. It is likely, however, that a few honours will be given mainly in connection with services rendered at Delhi. The next general distribution will be on the 1st of January, 1904, and this, owing to the interval that will have elapsed, will be on a somewhat larger scale than usual.

THE INDIAN ORDER OF MERIT.

SIMLA, APRIL 17.

It is notified that the Order of Merit for native officers and soldiers is henceforth to be known as the Indian Order of Merit to distinguish it from the Order of Merit recently created by the King.

A NEW FRONTIER MEDAL.

It is notified that a new medal is to be struck to be known as the India General Service Medal for military operations on the Indian frontier. It will be very similar in design and ribbon to the medal of 1895, and will be granted to all troops engaged in the Mahsud Waziri blockade, west of the administrative border, between the 23rd November, 1901 and 14th February, 1903 with a clasp for Waziristan 1901-02, the clasp only to be issued to those holding the Indian medal of 1895.

AN HOSPITAL FOR NASIRABAD CANTONMENT.

SIMLA, APRIL 17.

A loan of eighteen thousand rupees has been sanctioned by the Government to the Nasirabad Cantonment fund for a new hospital.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS."

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Kirkpatrick, Law Reporter, Bombay High Court, has been granted six months' leave. Mr. L. J. Robertson officiates.

I. M. S. Posting.—Captain W. H. Dickinson has been posted to the Bombay Presidency.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Captain H. F. P. Jacob has been appointed as First Assistant to the Resident at Baroda.

Captain S. A. E. Bina has been granted one year's leave.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Captains B H Humfrey, A G Pritchard, S M Orr, and A C Stewart, and Veterinary Captain T Rud and Veterinary Lieutenants E Brown and D Onislan have been appointed to the Army Remount Department.

Major-General Elliott, Inspector General of Cavalry has an extension of service until his successor arrives.

THE INCOME OF THE CALCUTTA PORT TRUST.

A LARGE SURPLUS.

CALCUTTA, APRIL 17.

At the Port Commissioner's meeting on the 15th inst. the Vice-Chairman reported that the exact figures were not yet available, but the income of the Calcutta Port Trust for the year that ended on the 31st of March last may approximately be taken at Rs. 76,87,000 against the estimate of Rs. 75,15,900 and the expenditure at Rs. 72,48,000 against Rs. 74,97,317. There will be a surplus, therefore, on the year's operations of about Rs. 4,39,000.

MARINE COURT OF ENQUIRY.

The Marine Court have found that the harbour master, Mr. Vint, was entirely responsible for the collision between the steamers Alexis and Golconda on the 28th of January last, and have recommended his degradation for six months.

THE BOYLE DIVORCE CASE.

In the Boyle versus Boyle divorce case to-day, Mr. Taylor, the father of Mrs. Boyle, was cross-examined at considerable length, the object showing that Messrs. Walker and Duggan were interested parties in Mrs. Boyle's alleged grievances against her husband.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS RACQUETS TOURNAMENT.

ALLAHABAD, APRIL 17.

A special cable from the "Pioneer's" correspondent, dated London, the 16th April, says that in the second round of the Public Schools Racquets Competition Harrow, the holders, beat Eton, Malvern, beat Wellington, Charterhouse beat Winchester, and Rugby beat Cheltenham.

THE RECENT OIL FIRE AT BUDGE BUDGE.

The Calcutta Port Trust have decided to hold a searching enquiry regarding the Budge Budge petroleum shed fire and have invited insurance companies interested to take part.

A BANGALORE DIVORCE CASE.

BANGALORE, APRIL 17.

In connection with an action for divorce filed by Mrs. Margery Isabel Timins against her husband, Captain Charles Sumner Timins, both of Ascot House, Bangalore, eleven summonses have been served on native domestics and others here to appear before the High Court, Madras, on Tuesday next, to give evidence for the plaintiff. A substitute service of summons has been made on her husband at his last address here as he was alleged to have left for Egypt. The plaintiff claims a divorce on grounds of cruelty and adultery. The parties were married at Cairo six years ago where the plaintiff's father is a wealthy merchant of the name of Mr. Bell. Captain Timins formerly belonged to the East Yorkshire regiment, which he joined from the Militia in 1886, and has seen service in South Africa with Strathcona's Horse.

CYCLE RACES AT BANGALORE.

BANGALORE, APRIL 17.

At the Cycle Races here on the Stafford House track the 5-mile handicap was won by Gunner Allen, "G" Battery, Royal Horse, with 80 yards start in 12 mins 7 secs, the one mile handicap being won by the same man with the same start from a large field. The programme of the day included Bicycle Polo, Victoria Cross Race, and sundry gymkhana events.

THE BISHOP OF MADRAS.

MADRAS, APRIL 17.

His lordship the Bishop of Madras, accompanied by his mother Mrs. Whitehead, left yesterday evening for Bombay en route for England on four months' leave.

THE LIGHTING OF MADRAS.

At a general meeting of the Municipal Commissioners to be held on Monday, the 27th instant, the question of the improved lighting of the city will be further discussed.

MILITARY INTELLEGENCE.

SIMLA, APRIL 17.

Captain Cameron Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders is permitted to retire.

Lieutenant Annesley 1st Norfolks is appointed Captain in the Army Service Corps.

Captain Ruck Keene 2nd Oxfordshire Light Infantry is appointed adjutant 1st Volunteer Battalion of the same regiment.

It is notified that an opportunity will be given to the Royal Army Medical Corps officers of passing as specialists at examination at the College at home next July without attending the senior course.

Veterinary-Lieutenant Moore is allowed an extension of leave at home to June next.

Lieutenant Anstruther has been posted to No. 35 Battery, Field Artillery, and Captain F. Walshe to P. Battery, Horse Artillery.

The services of a colonel of the Royal Army Medical Corps have been indented for from Home for the new Peshawar district.

Brigadier-General Collin lately commanding Peshawar and General Elliot, Inspector General of Cavalry, have arrived in Simla.

The sum of 1 1-2 lakhs entered in the estimates for providing volunteer corps in India with ranges for Lee Metfords now being distributed and an endeavour will be made to complete the necessary alterations this year.

ENGLISH POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LETTER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, APRIL 3.

THE GOVERNMENT AND IRELAND.

A certain amount of opposition to Mr. Wyndham's great measure of appeasement has manifested itself in Dublin where the "Freeman's Journal" and the Roman Catholic Archbishop, Dr. Walsh, are pointing out that what is called a gift of twelve millions from England to Ireland is not a gift at all, but will come out of the pockets of the Irish people owing to the savings that will be obtained by the economies in the public service to be affected under the scheme. But this criticism has at all events not removed the favourable impression created by the Land Bill when introduced, and Mr. Wyndham is even more popular with the Nationalists to-day than he was a week ago. One reason for this is the conciliatory not to say remarkable speech he made in the House on Wednesday in connection with his resolution authorising the payment out of the Consolidated Fund of an annual sum of £185,000 for providing a special grant for the purposes of the development of Ireland. The motion was criticised on high and dry financial grounds by Sir William Harcourt. Replying to the ex-Chancellor of the Exchequer Mr. Wyndham said: "It must not be supposed for one moment that this policy had been hastily adopted. It might be an erroneous policy in the opinion of the right hon. gentleman, but it was a policy upon which his heart had been set for two and a quarter years in order that Ireland in the future should not be defrauded of her fair share from the common exchequer of the United Kingdom." When the Nationalist cheers which greeted this statement had died away Mr. Wyndham proceeded to say that the question whether or not the two countries received as partners in the common exchequer founded in 1817 their fair mutual advantages was a question that ought not to be involved in obscurity, and it was involved in obscurity now. Hon. Members sitting for British constituencies held—and they might be perfectly right in their opinion—that Ireland was the spoiled child of the national exchequer. On the other hand, Irish members, Unionists as well as Nationalists, held that Ireland had not always derived the advantages from this partnership to which she was entitled, if the promises of Pitt and Castlereagh were to be carried out in the spirit as well as in the letter. Eventually the resolution was adopted "amidst contradictions." In the course of an earlier speech Mr. Wyndham made a very important announcement, namely, that Lord Iveagh, and Mr. Pirrie, of Messrs. Harland and Wolff, have determined to finance a great scheme of transport development throughout the country to aid the revival of agrarian and industrial undertakings. "Nothing so hopeful and businesslike," says the Chief Secretary, "has been done in Ireland since the days of its industrial prosperity at the end of the eighteenth century." Is the Land Bill to be followed by a Home Rule Bill? Speaking at Chicago, a responsible American Journalist, Mr. Wellman, who recently visited this country to investigate the Irish question said:—"A member of the present English Cabinet said to me, 'We are going to settle the land question, and then we are going to give Ireland Home Rule. We have tried too long to make Englishmen out of Irishmen. We know now that cannot be done, and we are going to try something else.'" To-day that story is capped by the Dublin correspondent of the "Daily Chronicle" who asserts on the authority of a Minister that the Government has resolved to "go to the country" in the autumn "on the question of an enormous extension of local government in Ireland." The Government scheme, we are told, "will provide for the establishment of a legislative council in Dublin. This Chamber will consist of representatives from the Irish county councils, who will have power to deal with local matters such as gas, water, railways, and similar undertakings. The police will be under Irish control, but the Customs and Postal Department will still be directed by the Imperial Government." The scheme, it is added, "has the strong support of Mr. Chamberlain." Strange things sometimes happen in politics, and it would not be the first time that the Liberals have had their clothes stolen by the Conservatives.

RUSSIA AND INDIA.

Everybody who wishes to be au courant of the "Middle Eastern Question" should read the admirable letter which the "Times" published on Monday from its special correspondent. In this communication the able representative of the leading journal deals exclusively with the situation in Afghanistan and may reasonably be supposed to reflect the views entertained in the best-informed circles at the seat of Government in India. In one passage he makes a useful and interesting comparison. He is referring to the great change wrought by that powerful ruler, Abdurrahman, in the internal condition of Afghanistan and of the increased importance she has thereby obtained as a factor in the problem of Central Asian politics. "We," he says "have learnt more than once, at heavy cost to ourselves, the power of resistance which such a brave and warlike race as the Afghans possesses in the inhospitable defiles and mountain fastnesses that form so large a part of their patrimony. Yet the Afghans who faced us in battle in 1878 and in 1880, as well as in 1842, were but a heterogeneous collection of ill-armed and ill-trained tribesmen whom the bond of common enmity to the infidel invader alone brought into temporary community of action. To-day the natural defences of Afghanistan are as formidable as ever, and behind them is arrayed a fairly homogeneous army, of which the normal strength is estimated at 50,000 men, equipped with modern weapons and trained to some extent at least in the art of modern warfare." What he writes about the new or rather newly-revived demand of the Tsar's Government to have a diplomatic representative in Kabul is also worthy of consideration. "Kabul in existing circumstances is the very last place which we should willingly suffer to be transformed into a centre of diplomatic rivalry. We have ourselves refrained from maintaining any European representative at the Ameer's Court because we have good grounds for believing that the obvious advantages of such representation would be out-weighed by less obvious but more serious risks. A native official suffices for the ordinary purposes of communication between the Indian Government and the Ameer. But he would no longer suffice if a Russian representative were accredited to Kabul." No doubt Russia says that her object is entirely commercial. But how is the line between commercial and political relations to be drawn? "Our relations with Afghanistan are far too delicate and liable to far too many untoward accidents for us to tolerate the gratuitous importation of a foreign ferment. No doubt the present system under which every little question passes along the Basso-Afghan frontier has to be referred backwards and forwards through a long series of departmental channels from Central Asia to St. Petersburg, from St. Petersburg to London, from London to Calcutta, and from Calcutta to Kabul is cumbrous and irksome. But there would be an end to all international engagements if they could be determined as soon as any one of their incidental consequences proved inconvenient to one of the contracting parties. So long, at any rate, as the present uncertainty subsists with regard to the aims of Russian policy in Asia it would be folly on our part to surrender one of the few advantages secured to us by that status quo, to which we cling in other quarters with pathetic fidelity, even when it has become a mere empty formula which serves only to disguise a serious disturbance of the balance of power to our own detriment." Mr. Chiro's warning with reference to the Seistan Boundary Commission will, it may be hoped, not be thrown away. "Russia's pretensions to take a direct share in the proceedings of the Commission are of course inadmissible, but, with her own officials and Cossacks in the back ground, she may be able to hamper them quite as effectually through the agency of Persian officials and Cossacks. In this matter, at any rate, it is to be hoped that the Imperial Government will keep a stiff upper lip." In the same issue of the "Times" there is a letter from Lord Chelmsford in which, replying to another correspondent, he combats the idea that the Seistan route would be less formidable and dangerous to an invader than other possible routes. Assuming, moreover, that the Seistan line be adopted, the objective point, he observes, must necessarily be the same be in advance from Kandahar, and the fortified position of Quetta would block the Seistan route, as it does that from Kandahar. He does not agree with those who maintain that "in such a contingency we should be prepared to send 100,000 men in order to reinforce the Indian Army." "Man for man, the majority of our Indian troops are fully equal to any that Russia could send against them, and I feel confident that they would give a good account of themselves. We should be operating on interior lines, and could, without difficulty, face an invading force with far greater numbers than Russia could possibly place in the field." He adds:—"India possesses an extremely strong natural frontier along the whole line, and can afford to await, without any apprehension, any attempt to invade its territory." Our friends of the "Novoe Vremya" ("New Times") join in the discussion, and censures British public opinion for failing to appreciate the proofs of the peaceful intentions which Russia furnishes at every turn. The object for which Russia is advancing across the steppes and deserts of Central Asia is declared to be not the possession of India but an outlet to the Ocean both in the near and the Middle East. It would be premature, the St. Petersburg journal goes on to say, to determine before-hand the bounds of this advance, but is is absurd to imagine that it will stop in Central Asia. Very possibly there will be no more bloodshed, and our march towards the south will be peaceably accomplished by means of the introduction of our civilising influence in those States which border on our possessions in Central Asia. "Our route," the "Novoe Vremya" adds, "lies not in the direction of India, and the British, therefore, need not be solicitous about the defence of that country, and least of all need they be in so much haste over it—so much haste indeed.

BOMBAY CANDIDATES FOR PARLIAMENT.

To the great regret of the Rotherbithe Liberals the whilom Bombay civilian, Mr. T. Hart-Davies, has relinquished his candidature for that constituency owing to serious trouble with his eyes. I saw Mr. Hart-Davies just before he went abroad some months ago, and he told me then that he was afraid he might, for the reason mentioned above, be obliged to retire. His case is a very hard one, for he had become very popular with the people of Rotherbithe and had a very good chance of winning the seat. Rotherbithe is not exactly what would be called a fashionable place of residence, but Mr. Hart-Davies who is nothing if he is not thorough took a house there in order to make himself better acquainted with the wants of an exclusively working class population. He was, I believe, the only person in the place, who kept a servant! In the neighbouring constituency of North Lambeth where Mr Naoroji and another Liberal have long been (metaphorically, of course, cutting each other's throats) confusion has recently been rendered worse confounded by the appearance on the scene of a third Liberal candidate in the person of Sir Robert Peel, who has not lately been thought of as a possible aspirant for political honours. However, there he is, and he seems to have adopted Mr. Naoroji's valiant motto "Jey suis Jey reste." In the circumstances the prospects of Mr. Naoroji being member for North Lambeth in the next Parliament cannot be described as extremely promising. His well-known co-religionist Sir Muncherjee Bhownaggree seems to have retained his popularity in Bethnal Green, and Mr. Cornwall, the present Vice-Chairman of the London County Council, though a very astute political organiser, can hardly expect to succeed where Mr. George Howell and Mr. Harry Lawson failed. As to Mr. Harry Lawson he, as everybody knows, has shaken the dust of Liberalism off his feet, and doubtless hopes that his talents will be better appreciated by the Tories than they were by the Liberals. He has all the cleverness of his race, and it was often a subject of comment amongst his former political friends that he was not made more of by the Liberal leaders. By the way taking of the proverbial capacity of Hebrews it has become a saying in these days that if a man is exceptionally successful in life he must either be a Jew or have Jewish blood in his veins. Talking of Bombayite candidates for Parliament I ought not to forget Sir John Jardine, who, barring accidents, is practically certain to represent Roxburghshire in the next Parliament. He is now residing in one of the prettiest parts of perhaps the prettiest county in the South of England if not in the whole of the country—Surrey. His house on the hill above Godalming is close to the Charterhouse school whose spires are so conspicuous from the Downs east of Guildford and the Hog Back which was west of that town to Farnham. A near neighbour of his is another well-known Bombayite, Colonel George Sartorius, while at Shalford within three or four miles resides one of Sir John's former colleagues on the Bench, Mr. Parsons. The names of some six or seven more old Bombay men who live in this neighbourhood could be mentioned. Evidently retired Anglo-Indians' share the taste of the old monks for beautiful scenery. Practice makes perfect, and Sir John has become an excellent platform speaker.

PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO WILD ANIMALS.

Sportsmen in India may be interested to learn that two Radical members of Parliament Mr. Corrie Grant and Dr. Shipman, have brought in a Bill which seeks to make it an offence for a person who takes part or assists in the hunting, coursing, or shooting of any animal, which has been kept in confinement, and is released for the purpose of such hunting, coursing, or shooting. The authors of the Bill explain that it aims at the abolition of certain spurious kind of sport, and thus at the protection of those animals which, though nominally wild, are in fact kept in confinement and released for the immediate purpose of being hunted, coursed, or shot. The Bill does not apply to any form of sport which is concerned with wild animals in their natural condition of freedom, and does not in any way interfere with the hunting, coursing, or shooting of such animals. The Cruelty to Animals Acts, 1849 and 1854, excepting one section which relates to fighting and baiting, apply exclusively to domestic animals; and the Act for the Protection of Wild Animals in Captivity, 1900, does not apply to the hunting or coursing of any animal unless it has been liberated in a mutilated or injured state, in order to facilitate its capture or destruction, so that at present the animals which this Bill is intended to protect enjoy no legal protection whatever from any kind of cruelty in sport. The principal object in view is, I suppose, to put an end to the practice of hunting stags carted to the rendezvous of certain hunts and then liberated for the amusement of the equestrian crowds.

OLLA PODRIDA.

Sir M. M. Bhownaggree intends to ask Lord George Hamilton on Monday, if he has received any report from the Government of India as to the result of the Conference between that Government and a Commission which was sent from Natal recently to India for the purpose of settling the conditions regarding indentured Coolie labour; whether, on the expiry of their indentures, the labourers will be at liberty to remain in the Colony without being compelled to pay a poll tax; and if he will lay the papers on this subject on the table of the House.

A plague commission is being demanded in some quarters. Dr. Farquharson will next week ask Lord George Hamilton whether, in view of the fact that half a million people died last year in India from plague, and of the spread of the disease, he will consider the advisability of sending out a Commission, consisting of practical sanitarians, with a scientific expert at their head, to investigate the causes of the disease and devise a remedy.

The member for Bethnal Green is also to ask the Secretary of State, if he will consider favourably a proposal of the Chambers of Commerce in India to the Government of India to guarantee payment of interest on Government rupee paper enfaced for payment of interest in London at the fixed rate of 1s. 4d. per rupee.

Sir John Rolleston is still worrying himself about those exiss duties. The unstarred questions of yesterday contained the following from him:—"To ask the Secretary of State for India, whether he will now consider the advisability of imposing excise duties on other goods than cotton goods on coming India, and of removing the protective offset of the import duties in the case of other British goods as well as cotton goods." Lord George Hamilton has replied:—As I stated in my answer to a similar question asked by my honourable friend on the 13th March, 1902, I can hold out no hope of imposing such excise duties as are suggested.

OBITUARY.

Mr. James Killen, of the Bombay Police, retired list, and the late control officer of the Port Trust Magazine, Sewree, died on Thursday, at the St George's Hospital, Bombay. The late Mr. Killen had served in the Bombay Police Force for a period of twenty-eight years. He joined the Police Force as a second grade constable on the 4th March 1867, and rose to the post of first grade Inspector in 1888, which appointment he held until he retired from the Force on the 31st March, 1895. During the period he served in the Police Force he had acted, in addition to his own duty, as Inspector of Public Conveyances and also as Inspector under the Arms and Ammunition Act. After retiring from the Police Force, he served as a control officer of Port Trust Magazine at Sewree. He was aged 64.

ROYAL BOMBAY GOLF CLUB.

THE GOLFERS' CUP.

The competition for the season were concluded this week, the final round for Golfers' Cup having been played off on Tuesday. This cup is competed for, bi-yearly, by handicap match play, at the beginning and at the end of the season.

The competition being by match play, it has necessarily extended over some weeks. Twenty-nine players entered, and Mr. Osborne Marshall and Mr. C. W. Francis were left in the final, the former having to give the latter 12 strockes in 18 holes. The match was a closeone and Mr. Osborne Marshall won by the narrow margin of one hole, thus retaining possession of the cup which he had won previously.

Knowsley Hall, the home of the Stanleys, where the King was recently on a visit, contains a curious antique short-legged chair, in which sat the seventh Earl of Derby when beheaded at Bolton in 1651. It is also associated with one of Mr. Gladstone's famous speeches—that in which he spoke of the Parnellites marching through rapine to the dismemberment of the Empire. The chair is a sacred relic in the Derby family, and occupies a position of special honour near the end window of the largest room in the Hall. The reporters, on the occasion of this speech, were put away in a recess in the far end of the room, where they found they could not hear properly. At last one of them, an Irishman boldly rose, walked up the room, and sat down in the sacred chair much to the horror of Lord Derby, who watched him with surprised eyes all through the speech. The Irishman placidly took his notes, and it was his version of the speech which was used by the Press of the whole country.

ARRIVAL OF THE OVERLAND MAILS OF 3RD APRIL.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Persia, Captain W. A. Wheler, arrived in harbour yesterday morning, with the English mails of the 3rd April. She brought the following passengers:—

FROM LONDON.

Woodman Mrs
Purkis Miss
Brett Mr
Kinnor Mr J E
Planer Mrs J C D
Neville Miss
Evans Miss A E
Harrison Mr W J
Randall Mrs
Ross Mrs and infant
Tibbs Her F J
Stainton Mrs V
Thompson Mrs C
Binns Mr D F
Scott Miss M
Kay Miss M
Peterson Mrs
Johnstone Mrs
Standford Major W B
Elliard Miss
Macdonald Mrs
Pauley Mr C
Mallieson Major W
Nimmo Capt
Long Mrs
Heath Mr B
Penguy Mr L
Smith Miss M
Rooms Mrs and infant
Robertson Mr W J
Hole Mrs and infant

FROM MARSEILLES.

Traill Mr and Mrs W H and infant
Hardy Mr H G
Craig Mr J
Wolfe Mr F R
Fernand Lt-Col
Edgerley Mrs and infant
Melver Mr F
Melver Miss A E S
Shaw Miss A M
Lloyd Capt K H
Elgerton Mr and Mrs
Young Lt-Col
Hopper Mr R G
King Major H T
Wynch Mrs and 2 children
Gordon Major L A and Mrs
Grange Mrs W and 2 children
Courtney Mr W and Miss
Baker Lieut R J
Forbes Knapton Capt H A
Cooke Mr J V
Keen Lieut P H
Thelusson Lieut Hon H E
Sternitz Mr J J
Scott Mr Buchanaw
Woodall Mr J
Heywood Rev R S, Mrs, child and infant
Heywood Miss
De Sarzec Mr H
Macnaughton Mr
Buchanan Mr J C
Prince Z Mouzra
Barry Mr J
Paraiter Mr F E
Pouit Mr J
Pearce Mr F H

FROM GIBRALTAR—Benson Lieut.

FROM BRINDISI.

Combe Major-Genl B A
Dhuleep Singh H H Princess
Berroton Mr and Mrs
Murphey Capt

FROM PORT SAID—Moir Major and Mrs D

FROM ADEN.

Chapman R E Major
Somerville Comdr
Sopariwalla Mr and Mrs D
Green Pte

THE OPENING OF THE G. I. P. RAILWAY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In your interesting story of this Railway, you say "The Governor of the Presidency, Lord Falkland, we are told, was personally unconvinced of the importance of the occasion and had so little faith in the possibility of success that he left Bombay on the eve of the event having merely visited the works and passed over the line in his private capacity the day before." I think that I can account for Lord Falkland's apparent want of foresight.

He was either an unmarried Governor or his wife was away at the time of the opening of the Railway and my mother as wife of the Chief Secretary happened to be the leading Government Lady, and Lord Falkland asked her to open it. She unfortunately had a nervous horror of guns and as there was to be a salvo of artillery connected with the official opening, Lord Falkland, my father and mother went over the line the previous day and informally opened it!

I have no documentary evidence to prove this, but I have heard my mother mention the fact and this appears to me to partly account for Lord Falkland's apparent apathy. Thinking this little bit of private history may not be wholly uninteresting, I venture to send it to you.—Yours &c.,

F. GOLDSMID.

KARACHI AND THE BAGHDAD RAILWAY.

The "Sind Gazette," discussing Baghdad Railway says: If this route is ever selected for the carriage of the Indian mails the claims of Karachi, will be "irresistible." In the meantime with the possibility of the opening up of this new route at no very distant date the P. and O. Company will be well advised at the time of the new mail contract to tender for a service from Karachi to Aden. If such a service were in full working order, it would be a considerable inducement to Government to adhere to the sea route for the mails. If, on the other hand, these were still carried via Bombay at the time when the new rail way was first opened, and the carrying of the mails by it was under consideration, the argument in favour of the railway route would be considerably stronger and the chance would be greatly increased that the P. and O. would then lose the carrying of the mails and the subsidy they now receive from Government. Another point which forces itself upon the attention in connection with Mr. Balfour's speech is the improvement in the naval defence position of Karachi. The Home press urges the Government to make sure not less than five first class ironclads in the Gulf—and in this connection we would urge on the Government the importance of keeping some of the war vessels now based on Bombay permanently in Karachi. In 1901 objections were raised to this on the ground that we had no graving dock in which second class war vessels could be cleaned. Now, however, we have our dock—so that the objection is no longer valid. In the event of any trouble arising in the Gulf it would save valuable time if war vessels could be sent from Karachi instead of from Bombay. The question of embarking and disembarking troops at Karachi also requires consideration. The Commander of H. M. S. Boadicea under the command of Captain the Hon. Curzon Howe, who reported: "The facilities for embarking and disembarking troops with the power of sustaining the moment of landing could not be better, and a number could be landed as fast as possible, the ships when cleared hauling off and making room for others. I consider that troops could be more expeditiously and in far greater numbers landed there than at Portsmouth. This judgment I make absolutely positive in practice to be absolutely correct, as in the following troop season two out of three British regiments were landed at Karachi and accommodated in the Trooping Depot, situated near the Cantonment Railway Station, under the command of Major Fitz Herbert, of the 4th King's Own. The disembarkation was also equally successful although we had been promised that if successful Karachi should become the port for the embarkation and disembarkation of troops, the matter was allowed to drop owing to the expense involved in the erection of permanent quarters for the housing of the troops passing through. It was admitted by all the chief newspapers in India, that immense advantage would be reaped in war time in the landing of troops for the Punjab and the North West Frontier as Karachi, both as regards time and expense. That Government would not consent to the initial outlay was a distinct waste of imperial resources.

A MURDER IN SIND.

The Karachi Phoenix refers to a tragedy which has occurred in the Amil Community of the Hyderabad Sind. It would appear that a crime has been committed in which the victim was a man who married a widow. The "Phoenix" writes:—We have for long purposely refrained from noticing the typical case of social fanaticism which lately occurred among the Amils of Hyderabad. We were dazed and stupefied at the ghastly enormity of the hideous crime, and could scarcely bring ourselves to believe the evidence of our senses. Nothing is further from our intention than to make this most extraordinary case a peg whereupon to hang an attack upon the Amil community. We have long been hearing a great deal about the importance of the remarriage of virgin widows in this country. But though our public speakers have waxed eloquent on the subject and rung the changes upon it in season and out of season all their sympathy for the child widow has stopped short at speech-making and lip-advocacy, and none of them has cared to bestir himself personally in the matter and set their countrymen the example which is said to be much better than precept. And here at last was an Amil who was ready to step into the breach and in the teeth of the gravest social obloquy and opprobrium, prove himself as good as his word and demonstrate the courage of his conviction. He was indeed in advance of his time and an honour to his race. But because he did his plain duty in the matter, and sacrificed everything on the altar of that duty—because he married a poor widow with the noble object of delivering her from a life of suffering and misery he was not only subjected to every kind of persecution and ill-treatment which the ingenuity of his compatriots could devise, but his very footsteps were dogged by secret assassins and he has been stabbed from behind in the dark in cold blood and with attrocious cruelty.

St. Nicholas for April has close on a hundred pages of stories, pictures, verses, and true sketches of real things, quite enough to fill pleasantly the ample leisure of the littlefolks. Of the stories one is a serial written and illustrated by Howard Pyle, and five are short tales. "Nature and Science for Young Folks" tells of snakes, roots, sparrows moths, turtles, and has lots of pictures of each. Many good hints are given to the little reading people as to how to proceed if they want to enjoy books really. The riddle-box is a merry one.

Replying in the House of Commons to Mr. O'Mara, the Secretary for War gave details of another scandal in the Guards, of which so far nothing has been heard. A boy of the 1st Battalion of the Grenadier Guards broke out of Barracks. The fact was reported to the Sergeant Drummer, who took the law into his own hands and personally chastised the boy. The boy's back was examined by Lieutenant-Colonel Kinloch and by a Surgeon, and they were of opinion that the boy had received a severe caning. Lieutenant Colonel Kinloch stated that he feared the Sergeant Drummer had been in the habit of carrying out the duties of his responsible position in a most improper and reprehensible manner, and he was tried by a District Court-Martial and sentenced to be reduced to the rank of a Corporal. He was reappointed Sergeant Drummer six days after reduction and the circumstances under which the reinstatement was made were being investigated by the Adjutant-General.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

The following passengers are booked to proceed to-day by the P. and O. Co.'s steamer Britannia, to Marseilles and London:—

Francis Mr E B
Sprott Mr and Mrs F L
Bishop of Madras and Mrs Whitehead
Deane Mrs H A
Rogers Mr and Mrs E
Heyland Mrs W A and 2 children
Duff Mr and Mrs J
Sharp Mrs Granville
Murphy Mr and Mrs W H
Beadon Major and Mrs G C
Beadon Miss
Aston Hon Mr Justice and Mrs H F
Henderson Mr and Mrs J and child
Seaton Mr and Mrs E A
Blyth Mrs
Gill Mr J E
Eldridge Mr and Mrs H J
Forbes Mr T Morton
Hamphen Miss Robart
Stewart Capt and Mrs J H K and child
Walker Mr J
Inverarity Mr J D
Wardle Mr H
Vakil Mr and Mrs H N
Vakil 2 Misses and child
Symons Mr J L
Hankey Capt and Mrs G F B and maid
Young Mr H G
Bull Lieut H
Inglis Mr and Mrs T and Miss
Fagan Mr and Mrs P J
Moseley Mr R K
MacGregor Miss H
Bellam Mrs E and child
Milne Mrs W and infant
Weir Mrs R E and infant
Vining Mrs C E
Turnbull Lieut G O
Sutton Mr and Mrs J R
Castleman Miss M E A
Styan Mrs
Gale Lt Col W A
Tristram Miss
Sutherland Mr J
McDonald Mr John
Stow Mr A M
Shaw Sir George
Watt Lady and child
Hirst Mr S
Winter Mr and Mrs E C
Ward Capt and Mrs A
Renwick Capt G H
Hurry Mr and Mrs A E
Hervet Major H
Horne Miss
Cameron Mr and Mrs
Sydney Smith Mrs and 3 children
Longford Miss
Long M F T H
Berger Mr and Mrs G
Scorer Mr J
Hennessy Mr P
Carr Miss A H
Pearson Mr S
Jenkins Sir Lawrence
Jenkins Lady
Thomas Capt C S W
Lyle Mr and Mrs H W
Wright Miss K
McLean Master
Lau ont Major and Mrs J C
Mackenzie Mr Donald
Mackenzie Mrs
Hutchinson Miss
Reichwald Lieut W F
Dodge Mr L H
Kay Lt H C
Doble Lieut J J
Cassairs Mr and Mrs
Lund Mr E
Thakore Mr D K
Dawson Mr J F
Bell Miss
Stevenson Miss
Brooks Mr and Mrs R
Wakefield Lieut E F
Higham Sir T
Main Mr and Mrs J A

SCHOOL LIFE IN INDIA.

"A VISIT WITHOUT NOTICE."

Lately, with I paid a little surprise visit to a Mahratta school amid the Western Ghauts, says a writer in "The Schoolmistress, and I was so much interested in the Pundit (schoolmaster) and his scholars that I thought I would like to record my impressions for the benefit of the readers of "The Schoolmistress."

The visit of inspection was not contemplated when I set out to explore the temples of old Mahableshwar. The little school about which I am writing is under Government inspection, but unofficial visitors are hardly welcomed, and each is required to write a short report or certificate after observing the routine of school work.

I should not have discovered the school but for an inquisitive companion, a schoolfriend—who ran about collecting flowers in order to make a nosegay of inspection on his own account. He rushed through an open door into what I thought was an ordinary single-roomed dwelling, but sounds of "rub," "ah," etc., from concerted voices tempted me to follow him. Seated on the mud floor were 25 Mahratta boys of ages from four to 13 and one girl of about seven years. I was interested in the latter, because she was the only girl present, and she wore the sari draped over her head in the fashion of the west married Parsis does about throughout India, but a dachshund with correct Chippendale legs was a unique sight, and the little natural exclamations of surprise and delight tempted me to stay fast afoot withdrawing with my offender." The Pundit was delighted to see me, and promptly set the smallest boys to work slates for my benefit. These they worked in a subdued singsong. I presume the answers were correct, for the pedagogue smiled benignly on them. The Pundit's office, long, like' wand—lay on the floor before him, but I am sure it was never engaged in active service. The proportions of the room would not allow it to be wielded to any purpose.

The small slates had no slate-pencil frames, and used very minute pencils. (I wish a certain Inspector I know, who wages war on pencils of less length than four inches, could have seen them). The bigger boys were writing on paper. I know very little of Mahratti or Gujerati calligraphy, but the copies were neat, and the curves were beautifully made. The paper was the white brown kind used by grocers at Home. The pen and holder was composed entirely of one piece of wood, and was quite like an ordinary nib. The boys wrote with their paper resting on the hard mud floor, so the uncomfortable position of the pupils may be better imagined than described. The children who did slate work sat on the floor with their knees doubled up at a comfortable angle to form a desk. A grimy map of India and an antediluvian picture of a camel were the sole mural adornments. The children pointed out such places as Karachi, Poona, Bombay, and Calcutta quite easily. As a final treat they sang an Anthem in Mahratti, eulogising the King Emperor, who was to be proclaimed three days later at Delhi. The weirdest intervals occurred, and there was a kind of refrain after each verse, which seemed like an incantation. The Pundit then produced a wooden pen and a sheet of paper, and asked me to write a "chit." The book usually kept for this purpose had been sent to Poona, but the sheet was to be inserted on its return.

The Pundit was a fine-looking man who wore a European coat. It looked rather grotesque when worn in conjunction with the curious native nether garments and an elaborate turban. Incidentally I may remark that the turban was composed of at least 20 yards of Turkey red muslin. The stipend of this country Pundit is Rs. 20 per mensem. Education" exists for the very poor, I was told. The moderately well-off ryot pays half-an-anna monthly (1-24) for each child, while the bloated aristocrats are compelled to disburse one anna for instruction.

When I was leaving, the Pundit demanded "backsheesh" with which to purchase sweets for the children. The rupee I gave was evidently regarded as a liberal contribution. There are 192 pies in a rupee, and one pie will purchase a fair amount of the greasy native sweetmeats, so I think the children must have had a gorgeous treat after we left.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

The Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m. yesterday give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern Fort Southern and Esplanade	9	9	14
B Mandvi, Chuckla, Umarkhadi and Dongri	25	19	30
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Pydhonie, Bhuleshwar, Khara also and Khumbharwada	35	29	50
D Kamathipura, Nowroji, Chowpatty, Walkeshwar and Malabar Hill	24	15	22
E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamathipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	36	48	67
F Parel, Sewri and Sion	23	33	33
G Mahim and Worli	38	36	43
Water Division	0	0	0
Non-resident and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	17	22
Total	212	187	283
Total plague deaths to date	237,045	116,933	
Total deaths same date last year	81	85	177

SMALL-POX.

James Smith, aged twenty-two years, a native of the United States, employed as a fireman on board the steam-ship Ramsay, was 'on Thursday last' removed from the Prince's Dock to the St. George's Hospital, suffering from small-pox.—Guiseppe Barbaro, a Native of Malta and employed as a seaman on board the steam-ship Abergeldi, now lying in the Prince's Dock was also found to be suffering from small-pox and conveyed to the St. George's Hospital in a municipal van.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

THIS AFTERNOON'S RACES.

Races for Yachts and Tomtits will be terminated at Hog Island.

Yachts H'cap (Class A) Race—1st Yacht to start at 3 p.m Course No. 16=10·6 miles.

Names of boats.	Entered by
Nanta	Mr G T W Oliver
Melody	Mr Bernard Triggs
Turquoise	Mr C A R Crommelin
Sapphire	Mr H H H Hopkins and Capt R S Muter, R E
Forella	Mr C T R Scovell

Yachts H'cap (Class B) Race—1st Yacht to start at 2-30 p.m. Course No. 16=10·6 miles.

Names of boats.	Entered by
Dalriada	Capt H B McFadyen
Sunbeam	Mr C J Nomico
Moonkin	Officers, R A
Kite	Mr E H Smetham
Gem	Mr A M Monteath
Tomtit	Officers R E

Tomtit Class Race—Start at 2-15 p.m. Course No. 15=9 miles.

Names of boats	Entered by
Tomtit	Dr F M Gibson
Mic	Mr C H Byrne
Cockatoo	Mr G F W Oliver

PASSENGES PER S. S. MARQUIS DACQUGHEN.

The following is the list of the passengers proceeding to Trieste and Venice per Austrian Lloyd's s Marquis Dacquesnen on Saturday the 18th instant, from the Steam The medical inspection of the native passengers will take place at the Prince's dock at 2-30 p.m. Sharp on the same day Deck passengers should be at these disinfection station with all their baggage and kit at 2-30 p.m. sharp on the same day:—

Mr O L Burns	Mr J Denhar
Miss Iverson Geer	Miss Parsyn †
Mr and Miss H le Dinmock	Mrs Mazarachi
Mr and Mrs Demetropolo	Mr and Mrs G Ostrupper
Miss Knobelspiesse	and 2 infants
Mr J Hofmann	Mr N Priestly
Mr C Jost	Mrs Bovelsen
Mr J Kuhl	Mr and Mrs M C O Stuart
Mr F T Knowlton	Miss Young

THE WEATHER.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON FRIDAY, THE 17TH APRIL.

SUMMARY.

Pressure.—There has been a brisk fall of pressure in Upper Sind, a brisk rise in Central India and at Allahabad, Gawapore, Jhansi, Nagpur and Hoshangabad and small changes elsewhere.

Winds are mostly light and variable.

Temperature is about normal in most places. The maximum varied from 111·0° at Ahmedabad, Khandwa and Akola to 97·0° at Jask, and the minimum from 86·0° at Lahore to 81·0° at Khandwa and Raipur.

Cloud and Humidity.—The sky is cloudy to overcast in Upper Sind, Rajputana and on the Malabar Coast and at Lahore, Deesa, Bhuj, Indore and Ratnagiri. Humidity changes show a considerable rise at Jask, Bellary, Sholapur and Sirsa.

Rain in light showers fell at Colombo.

Weather continues fine everywhere.

E. HENRY,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

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LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.

TRADE MARK.

THE SITUATION IN EUROPE.

KING EDWARD'S VISIT TO PORTUGAL.

The King's visit to Portugal is thus commented upon by the "Vossische Zeitung." After reminding its readers that, since his accession to the Throne, his Majesty has made several visits to foreign countries, it says:—

He will now, however, pay a visit of great political importance for the first time. No one will be surprised at his Majesty going to Portugal, which has little weight in the European Concert, owing to the smallness of the country. Should the head of any other great Power pay his first political visit to Lisbon, it would surprise; but with regard to Great Britain, it is a different matter. Portugal is the only Continental Power with which Great Britain maintains intimate and friendly relations, and these have been developed into an alliance since the Boer war. The important services rendered by Portugal to England during that war are still in remembrance. They were not only of moral but also of material importance. Lord Roberts himself cordially thanked the Portuguese on his return from South Africa, as Funchal, in December 1900; and the Portuguese Premier, about the same time, informed the whole world of the existence of an Anglo-Portuguese Alliance.

The "Vossische" goes on to enumerate these proofs, and considers as follows:—

Since the conclusion of the new alliance, the English have done what they like in Portugal's African Colonies. They want nothing more, and one document more or less does not count. The only thing England may, perhaps, still desire, is the adhesion of Portugal's East African Colony to the British South African Customs' Union, concluded a few days ago.

FRANCE AND ENGLAND.

The Echo de Paris announces that the interview between King Edward and the President of the French Republic will take place in Paris. It gives no details as to the date or the length of the King's stay. In well-informed diplomatic circles, says the Paris correspondent of the Times, the news is regarded as correct, and is expected that the King's visit will have quite an official character. The Echo de Paris states that M. Delcasse attaches great importance to this interview. It even goes so far as to add that it is due to the initiative of the Foreign Minister himself. Whether that be true or not, it is certain that King Edward's presence in Paris will afford the utmost satisfaction not only to the French Government but to the large majority of the French people. It testifies, of course, to the improvement of relations between the two countries which has undoubtedly taken place of late. Indeed, nothing more was required to give an impetus to the revival of England's former friendly relations with France, which has long been looked upon as a political necessity by moderate-minded and enlightened men on both sides of the Channel.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

The Berlin correspondent of the Standard, writing on March 30, says:—

A sign of the excellent relations now existing between Turkey and Greece is afforded by the fact that a German syndicate has proposed to the Turkish Government the extension of the Turkish railway, via Vischovitzio, as far as Larissa, so as to establish a connection between the Turkish and Greek railways. The Sultan recently received some members of the syndicate, and heard a detailed report on the project, to which he gave his assent. Baron Marschall, the German Ambassador at Constantinople, is said to have actively supported the project, and it is hoped that the Sultan will shortly order the issue of an Irade for the commencement of the work.

THE NEAR EAST.

THE BULGARIAN CABINET CRISIS.

The prolonged Cabinet crisis in Bulgaria came to a close on March 24 with the return of the Zankoff Ministry to power. All the former members of the Cabinet retain their posts with the exception of General Paprikoff, who is succeeded by Col. Savoff. The Government presented itself to the Sobranje in the afternoon, when Dr. Daneff read the Prince's decision, reappointing the former Ministers and nominating Col. Savoff as Minister of War. Dr. Daneff then proposed the prolongation of the session till April 11, and, the motion having been accepted by a majority, proceeded, amid much excitement, to read another decree giving effect to this decision. Several deputies endeavoured to speak, but the President refused to allow a debate to take place. A stormy scene followed and President declared the sitting closed.

The result of the crisis, says the Sofia correspondent of the Times, may be described as a compromise. The Zankovists succeed in excelling General Paprikoff from the Cabinet, but fail in their main object of obtaining a politically homogeneous Cabinet. The question of the military credit is apparently settled in favour of the army. Prince Ferdinand, on the other hand, has succeeded in substituting for the late War Minister another officer upon whose loyalty he can entirely rely and whose capacity he has already proved.

The Vienna correspondent of the Times says:—The announcement that Russia quickened Prince Ferdinand's decision to recall Dr. Daneff by a Note almost as peremptory in tone as those previously addressed to the Bulgarian Government, and the alarmist reports from Macedonia published by the Russian Official Messenger have strengthened the conviction here that the situation in the Balkans is by no means as reassuring as some unofficial utterances would appear to indicate. Diplomatic attention is concentrated upon the question whether with all her efforts, Russia will be able to hold the position in hand.

THE MACEDONIAN QUESTION.

The Sofia correspondent of the "Times" writing on March 27, says the state of affairs in the vilayet of Monastir is daily becoming more serious.

According to information derived from a good source the revolutionary committees in that district have never been more active than at present. Assassinations are constantly reported, in part perpetrated by the agents of the committees, in part by the Mussulmans, whose exasperation is increasing. The mysterious "internal organisation" exercises supreme influence over the Bulgarian population of the vilayet, and its preparations for a rising are being rapidly pushed forward. A large number of the peasants are armed, mainly with Gras rifles introduced from Greece.

Some of the leaders now state that the movement has gone beyond their control, and that any effort to arrest it would prove futile. The energetic representations addressed to the populations by the Bulgarian commercial agents have been altogether without effect. The circular despatched by the late Bulgarian Government at the instance of Russia has received as little attention as the recent Russian "communique." The revolutionary movement is developing on independent lines, and advice tendered by the Bulgarian Government is regarded as superfluous. The Russian Consulates have entirely lost the influence which they formerly exercised over the Slavonic population. The people have abandoned the traditional belief that Russia will eventually effect their liberation from Turkish rule. Even the pacific counsels of the Exarchate are now unavailing. The Austro-Russian scheme of reform is regarded as a dead letter. Far from exercising a tranquillising influence, the reforms have tended to encourage a spirit of resistance among the people, who are now convinced that Europe is at last alive to their condition, while the readiness with which the scheme has been adopted by the Sultan is interpreted as a sign of weakness.

The committees in Bulgaria, which are being reorganised in the form of benevolent societies, have little or no influence with the Macedonian peasants, who trust their own leaders and will take an independent course when the time for action arrives. They care little for the political designs of Bulgaria Servia, or Greece, their watchword being "Macedonia for the Macedonians," and their aim the abolition of Turkish rule and the substitution of autonomous Government. The profoundest secrecy is maintained with regard to the intentions of the internal organisation, but it appears that the leaders are still indisposed to sanctioned and an immediate outbreak. Events, however, may force their hands within the next few months. The St. Petersburg Official Messenger throws a vivid light on the situation in Macedonia by publishing long extracts from the recent report of the Russian Consuls at Monastir and Uskub:—

Both Consuls state that the activity of the revolutionary bands is on the increase. The Consulates have warned them that Russia disapproves of the agitation, and will not protect those who take part in it. The peasants do not sympathise with the movement, but are partly persuaded to join it by using reports to the effect that it is supported by the Russian Government, and partly forced to lend their help by the reign of terror established by the committees. The revolutionary leaders aim at securing the autonomy of the three vilayets by the administration of which they hope to obtain paramount and well-paid posts, in the meantime they are committing the most horrible outrages upon the Turks in order to provoke them into a general massacre of the Christians. The Consul at Monastir severely reproaches the acts of the work done by Hilmi Pasha in pacifying the country and in punishing it and to the abuses committed by his subordinates.

It may be hoped, remarks the Times' correspondent, that the partial disarm and the publication of these reports, together with the leading article in the Novoe Vremya of yesterday, will check the somewhat extravagant enthusiasm of the Russian Panslavists for their Macedonian Bulgarian kinsmen, and will enable public opinion to distribute the blame for the present terrible state of things in the Balkans more fairly between the Turkish Government and its their enemies.

The Vienna correspondent of the 'Standard' writes on April 1:—

The attempt on M. Sicherbins, the Russian Consul at Mitrovitza, who is reported to have been shot at and wounded in the back, is the direct consequence of the Consul having compelled the Turkish commander of the district to drive away the Arnauts, who had for days been firing at the town, which they had surrounded. People who are acquainted with the local conditions are of opinion that all the Anatolian troops Turkey can dispose of would not suffice to break down the resistance of Albanian fanatics against the innovations proposed by Russia and Austria. It is significant, at the moment Consul should be the first victim of huge reforms, which Turkey will never be able to carry out in what is called Old Servia without assistance either from Russia or Austria, such assistance from either side would mean armed intervention, and would bring into the field Italians and others. That is to say, to avoid defeat the object for which the reforms were suggested.

The serious turn events in the Near East are taking—with the dynamite attempt by Bulgarian Macedonian bands, on the Orient Express, at Mustapha Pasha, on the bridge over the Maritza, six kilometres from the Bulgarian frontier, was blown up; and on the other side, the attack on Mitrovitza, and the attempt on the Russian Consul—has made a great impression in Vienna, where too much faith was put in the magic spell of reforms recommended and enunciated by Austria and Russia. On closer reflection, however, it must be admitted that the Bulgarian bands so justify their existence, had to undertake something by the end of March, and that their resort to dynamite attacks on bridges, railway lines, &c., is a proof that the guerilla war in Macedonia itself makes no great progress, the Turks being the stronger at every point.

Far more important and dangerous is the Albanian movement. Its suppression would tax Turkish resources to the utmost, and, it seriously underrated, would constitute a danger to the life of the Sultan, who is surrounded by Albanians. From all this it is inferred that His Majesty will never have the courage to deal seriously with the Albanian root against the reforms, which will remain, therefore, a dead letter in Old Servia, and most probably, also, in Macedonia. That is to say, nothing will have been changed; and the danger for Europe will remain what it has been for the last two or three years. The success of the Macedonian insurrection, however, is considered to be out of the question.

THE MUTINY OF THE VERONICA.

STORY OF WHOLESALE MURDER.

BEFORE the stipendiary magistrate, Mr. Stewart, the Liverpool Police court, on March 23rd, the hearing was resumed of the charges of murder brought against three members of the crew of the British barque Veronica. Their names are Otto Monson, aged 18, Gustav Rau, aged 29, and William Smith, aged 30. They are charged with the murders while on the high seas, of the captain of the Veronica, Alexander Shaw; the first mate Al. McLeod; the second mate Fred Abrahamson; and four able seamen, Alec Bravo, Gus Johansen, Julius Parson, and Patrick Doran. Mr. Trubshaw prosecuted for the Treasury, and the prisoner Monson was defended by Mr. Clarke.

Ludwig Christian Henrick Flohr, who had turned King's evidence, was further examined by Mr. Trubshaw. He said that after the chief officer had been thrown overboard Rau called to him to come aft, saying, "We will get them out of the way; kill them, and throw them overboard," and referred to the men in the cabin and to the man at the wheel. Witness said, 'Paddy is not dead, and if I leave him he will come out. Smith and Rau when aft, leaving witness in charge of Paddy and Monson.

ATTACK ON THE CAPTAIN.

Witness described the attack on the captain, who at the time was standing with his back to the wheel, Rau (who had a revolver in one hand and an iron belaying-pin in the other) and Smith suddenly appeared, and Rau threw the belaying-pin against the captain's chest. The captain fell towards Rau, who fired at him.

What did the captain do then?

He wanted to go into his cabin, but he fell down the steps, and, added witness, I saw him crawling into his cabin. After that Rau told witness to watch the captain's cabin, and if anyone tried to come out to prevent him with a belaying-pin. Hearing that the captain had looked round the corner of the cabin, Rau laid down on the companion top over the door, and fired one shot into the captain's cabin. Later on, Monson told witness that Pareon had tried to come out of his room, that he had struck him dead, and thrown the body overboard. There was a pool of blood on the floor, and next morning he noticed blood on Monson's clothes. "Paddy" next came out, staggering and covered with blood, and said to Rau "Give me a drink of water, please. Rau replied, "All right, I will give you a good drink, Harry, give me that belaying pin. Witness gave him a belaying pin.

And what did Rau do? He struck Paddy on the head and he fell down dead. Then Rau told Johansen and me throw the body overboard, and we did so.

Witness was next questioned as to the incidents of watching the captain's cabin, and said they were posted round the cabin with revolvers. They placed deck chairs against the companion room so that the captain and second mate could not shoot them, and boarded up all the port holes.

Three days afterwards Rau wanted a chart, and opening the cabin skylight, spoke to the second mate. He had a revolver in his hand ready to fire. The second mate showed that he had received one bullet in his neck and another in the lower part of his body. Rau told the second mate he wanted to see the captain, and the mate replied that he was ill, his bunk ill and could not walk. Eventually the captain came and asked Rau "What for he shoot him?"

AN APPEAL FOR MERCY.

The captain said he thought everything had been going on well, but if there was anything wrong he would put everything right. The captain said, "Spare my life; I should like to see my wife and children once more."

Did he ask, "For God's sake, give me a drink of water, and I will give you any gold watch and bring you into any port you want."—Yes. Smith gave the captain some water. When it was arranged that the captain and second mate should be killed Rau twice asked witness to knock down the second mate with a belaying pin. He replied, "No, I won't," and asked why Smith should not do it. Rau answered, "He tried to get out of it same as you, but he shall kill the next one." Rau up and the cabin skylight, and called to the second mate to come out. He did so, passed witness, who did not touch him, and was then shot in the shoulder.

The second mate jumped overboard, and, while swimming, was shot at by Rau, Smith and Monson Rau said to witness "If you did not shoot the second mate you must shoot the captain." Two hours later Rau placed witness at the companion door and said, "If you don't shoot him the next bullet I have got will be in yourself." Bravo was kept watch on making the cabin to drive the captain out. Witness was stationed near with Monson a revolver in his hand.

What happened?—The captain came half-way up the steps.

And you fired three times?—Yes.

Did you hit him?—No, sir. The captain at the time was standing with his hands before his face. Rau pushed me away, pointed the revolver close to the captains head, and shot him in the temple. After the captain's death Rau dressed himself in the captains clothes and took charge of the ship. Witness next described how, because Bravo and Johansen could not remember the tale prisoners made up, Rau ordered them to be killed.

The prisoners were again remanded.

The two German sailors Monson and Rau and the English sailor Smith, who are charged with murdering the captain and officers and four members of the crew. The prisoners were again before the Liverpool magistrates on March 30.

The most interesting event of the day was a statement put in by Detective-sergeant Osborne which the prisoner Monson had written after his arrest.

In this Monson alleged that he and other members of the crew were seriously illtreated by the captain and the officers.

"The captain said, I was unlucky, and that there were only contrary winds when I was steering. If they gave me a good beating it would probably mean good winds.

About four o'clock one morning we were awakened by wash, and ran forward and found the first mate striking Parsons.

"Simcoe ran towards us, and then we struck on, and the first mate went overboard. We heard the second mate and captain coming towards us. We did not hit any of them, but made them clear out. They ran on the poop, and into one of the cabins, where they shut themselves in, and remained for a day and a half.

"We then said that they must come out and get us to port somewhere. They came out and got on the poop. They shot the steward between the two of them, and the second mate went overboard, crying out Come along, captain. We are overpowered. It was blowing a little, and the ship was going very fast.

"We were only six men left, and we wished to speak a ship and travel landwards. The steward, however, said he spoke good English, and began to tell us a story which we must tell. He further told us that he had been good to us because he knew they wanted to kill us all and that we must tell this story."

Monson further alleged that it was Thomas who poured petroleum over the things and set the ship on fire.

After describing how they got to land in a small boat, Monson's statement concluded: "We have done nothing wrong, and we were fighting for our lives. If gentlemen go to the assizes and swear one lives his life everyday in insecurity and read this story, they will be able to see if it is wrong or right. I accept whatever punishment may be allotted to me."

Captain George Brown, of the Brunswick, told of taking the men off the Island of Cayeiro, and of the subs quent confession to him by the cook Thomas of the tragedy which had taken place. He landed the men at Liverpool, where they were taken into custody.

A further remand was ordered.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUTENANT-COLONEL LOUIS P. RUSSELL, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 15th April,

1. Company Quarter-Master Sergt R Robertson No. 3 Company reverts to Gunner at its own request.

2. Leave of absence has been granted to the following members as under:—Dr E E Tooth for one year from the 5th instant; Gr J G Turner for one year from 1st May 1903; and Gr R Robertson for six months from the 1st April 1903.

NOTICE.

There will be a meeting of the Bombay Vol. Arty. Athletic Assay, at the Corps Club on Tuesday next the 21st instant, at 6-30 p.m. all are requested to attend.

By Order,
G. STODDART, Capt., R. A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

HIGH COURT.—APRIL 18.

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice RUSSELL.

Testamentary Suits for Judgement.

1-03—Ardeshir H. Dand Co—Haji Abdool Rahim Haji Mahomed v. Moosa Hajee Joosar Noorani and others—Lyalee D and Co.

5-03—Lyalee D and Co—Moosa Hajee Joosar Noorani and others v. Haji Abdool Rahim Hajee Mahomed—Ardeshir H D and Co.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE,

APRIL 17.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN—Via Teheran, Perfect Via Turkey, Perfect Via Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE—Via Teheran, Perfect, Via Turkey perfect, Via Suez perfect.

AMERICA—Via Brest perfect, Via Valentia, perfect, Via Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA—Via Penang, perfect, Via Amoor, perfect.

CHINA—Via Penang, perfect, Via Amoor, perfect, Via Bhamo, perfect.

ARABIA—Via Aden, perfect, Via Cadix Tenerife, perfect, Via Lisbon, St. Vincent, perfect.

Cable Cayenne Pinheiros interrupted.

Cable Guantanamo Haiti St Nicholas interrupted.

Cable Puerto Plata Martinique interrupted.

Cables, Dominique Martinique, St. Louis Martinique Guadeloupe Martinique, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, interrupted.

Telegrams will be conveyed frequently by steamers.

Cable communication with Martinique is open via Lisbon and Cadiz.

Telegrams can only be accepted at senders risk.

Code addresses cannot be used.

Cable Paramaribo Cayenne interrupted.

Cable Zanzibar Mombasa interrupted.

Private Telegrams for offices in the interior of Nicaragua and Costa Rica may be accepted but at senders risk.

Telegrams for Dominica are subject to censorship.

Cable Accra Lagos interrupted.

Telegrams in Code may be accepted for Crete but those in cipher language are not admitted.

Mozambique routes to Siam right.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 17th April 1903.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	15	8	20	11	40
Telegraph	15	8	20	11	40
Indo-European	15	8	20	11	40
Persian	15	8	20	11	40
Indian Government	15	8	20	11	40
Submarine	15	8	20	11	40
Direct	15	8	20	11	40
Eastern	15	8	20	11	40
Eastern Extension	15	8	20	11	40
Indo-European	15	8	20	11	40
Persian	15	8	20	11	40
Indian Government	15	8	20	11	40
Submarine	15	8	20	11	40
Direct	15	8	20	11	40
Eastern	15	8	20	11	40
Eastern Extension	15	8	20	11	40
Indo-European	15	8	20	11	40
Persian	15	8	20	11	40
Indian Government	15	8	20	11	40
Submarine	15	8	20	11	40
Direct	15	8	20	11	40
Eastern	15	8	20	11	40
Eastern Extension	15	8	20	11	40

The occupation in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. 17th April 1903.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	0	55	0	1
" Karachi	0	21	0	1
" Madras	0	28	0	12

GOUT

The symptoms constitute clear evidence that uric acid is being retaind in the body instead of being eliminated from it. These symptoms all point to accumulations of uric acid being formed, which will cause pain, suffering, and even agonising torment in the future. We give them in detail below:—

Acidity, Heartburn or Flatulence after meals.
Sluggish Liver, accompanied by dull pain in the right side.
Irritation between the fingers, in the palms, or about the ankle; a feeling of burning on the skin, often without redness.
Small concretions on the outer rim of the ear, and lumps undr the iskinon arms, breast, and legs.
Stiffness and pain in the joints and muscles.

These symptoms point direct to the use of Bishop's Varalettes, and ndicate the need for commencing at once. Nothing can be gained by delay, but a great deal of avoidable suffering may have to be endured as a result of procrastination.

OTHER PEOPLE HAVE PROVED THE VALUE OF
BISHOP'S VARALETTES
IN URIC ACID TROUBLES.

Ever since Bishop's Varalettes have been offered to the public, they have been proving their transcendent virtues. When such statements as the following, occur in letter after letter, it must be clear that Bishop's Varalettes do what we say they do. Such extracts as these frequently appear in the letters we receive: "Now he is better than he has been for twenty years, and all this Change has been brought about by Bishop's Varalettes." "I am a new man since I took Bishop's Varalettes, being able to sleep at night, where formerly I was awake for hours with pains in my shoulders and hips." "Bishop's Varalettes are really a boon, and I recommend them to everyone." "During the past year I have on several occasions warded off an attack of Gout by taking Bishop's Varalettes as soon as the well-known symptoms appeared." "From the day I took Bishop's Varalettes to this I have never suffered the slightest pain, had a suspicion of gravel, or anything else." The conclusion to be drawn from these extracts is simply irresistible, and points you to the way in which you may regain your health and comfort.

Of all Chemists in Two Sizes.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS—
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"Sold by the following local Chemists:—KEMP & Co., Ltd.; TREACHER & Co., Ltd. M. T. MADON & Co. 24/26 ABDUL RAHIMAN Street; EDULJEE BROTHERS Crawford Market; MASTER BROTHERS, Gunbow Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Horlick's Malted Milk

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STRONGLY APPROVED BY THE MEDICAL PROFESSION
IN INDIA, CEYLON, AND THE EAST.

The Best Drink for Hot Countries is
BARLEY WATER.
The Best Way to make Barley Water is to use
ROBINSON'S PATENT BARLEY
It can be obtained in One Pound Tins at the Local Store.
Manufacturers:
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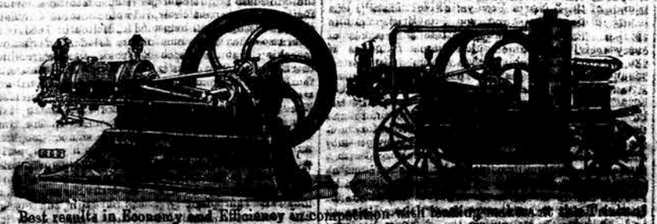

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Stephens' Ribbons AND Carbons for Typewriters.

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ELLIMAN'S EMBROCATION
NOTICE
THE ELLIMAN FIRST AID BOOK.
HORSES, DOGS, BIRDS, CATTLE.

BAD UNSOUND HORSE.

170 Pages Illustrated.
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RUBBING EASES PAIN.
By instinct the hand flies to the part hurt, but to eliminate Aches and Pains a safe stimulating medium or lubricant is necessary, and its physical condition should facilitate the process of rubbing. Such is
ELLIMAN'S EMBROCATION.
Elliman's for Rheumatism, Lumbago,
Elliman's ,, Sprains, Bruises,
Elliman's ,, Fresh Cuts,
Elliman's ,, Sore Throat from Cold,
Elliman's ,, Cold at the Chest,
Elliman's ,, Neuralgia from Cold,
Elliman's ,, Chilblains before Broken,
Elliman's ,, Corns when Painful,
Elliman's ,, Cramp, Stiffness,
Elliman's ,, Soreness of the Limbs after Cycling, Football, Rowing, &c.
Bottles, 8½d., 1s. 4½d., 2s. 6d., 4s.
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BIRMINGHAM AND LONDON.

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EPPS'S
THE MOST NUTRITIOUS.
COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER.
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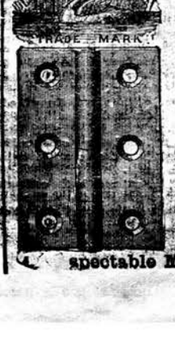

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Benger's Food
is quite distinct from any other. It
possesses the remarkable property of rendering Milk
with which it is mixed when used,
quite easy of Digestion
by INFANTS and INVALIDS.
Benger's Food is sold in Tins by Chemists, etc., everywhere.

THE GREAT CURE for DIARRHOEA; DYSENTERY; CHOLERA; NEURALGIA; AGUE; COLDS; BILIOUS FEVER;
FREEMAN'S CHLORODYNE
HELD IN HIGHEST ESTEEM FOR MORE THAN HALF A CENTURY
DON'T BE DECEIVED
NONE GENUINE WITHOUT THE "ELEPHANT" TRADE MARK
EASES PAIN AS BY A CHARM
SOLD IN BOTTLES AT 12 ANNAS

35 YEARS PROVEN EFFICACY.
TAKE "LINSEED COMPOUND"
Kay's Compound Essence of Linseed
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS
ASTHMA & BRONCHITIS
OF ALL CHEMISTS THROUGHOUT GREAT BRITAIN & THE COLONIES.
LINUM CATHARTICUM PILLS.
FOR INDIGESTION & ITS EVILS, SICK HEADACHES, BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS, &c AN AGREEABLE APERIENT.
KAY'S TIC PILLS
CURE FACEACHE & NEURALGIA. VERY SERVICEABLE IN NERVE COMPLAINTS.
AVOID IMITATIONS.
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CURES MEN & WOMEN
BIG G is a non-poisonous remedy for any unnatural discharges and inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Painless. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion.
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RHEUMATISM,
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POCKET FIELD GLASSES.

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WITH SOLID LEATHER SLING CASE
These widely-known Binocular Field and Race Glasses are achromatic, and in finish, power, and sharpness of definition excel those of all other makers at the same rice. A quantity of cheap showy rubbish is sent out to India, and doubtless finds a market, but the "Lynx" is a good useful Glass, and measures only 4½ inches by 2½ inches.
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GOSSIP OF THE WEEK.

LONDON APRIL 3.

BUYING UP A COUNTRY.

Has the spectacle ever been witnessed before in England, one wonders, of a Government buying up practically a whole country? Mr. Wyndham has not proposed to go so far as the Russian Government went in buying up the estates of nobles for the serfs, but the advance of a hundred millions of money for the purchase of half a million farms for the Irish people is an act of legislation which appeals to the imagination. The Government of Russia, while giving away one-third as much land as the whole of Ireland, paid the nobles £3 per head for twenty million peasants, preferring this method of purchase to that which our own Government has chosen to adopt, and the estates were divided into farms of thirty acres each, for which the tenants paid at the rate of two shillings an acre per year. After forty-nine years the full price of the land will have been paid, and the estates will be the property of the peasants.

PROSPERITY FOR POSTERITY.

The Government, in thus making it easy for Irishmen to buy their farms, is paving the way, it is to be hoped, for a prosperous era in the Emerald Isle, and the next generation, at any rate, is sure to be richer for the measure introduced by Mr. Wyndham. Canada is giving away to all who will take them areas which will be the sites of great cities of the future, and the half-million holdings which the Government is to buy in trust for the Irish people will grow in value year by year if all the dreams come true. The Duke of Devonshire and a farm let in 1769 for £190 a year, and in 1810 at £440, but which, when Lord Hartington came into his inheritance in 1891, was letting at a rental of nearly £1,000. So perhaps the Government may be laying up treasure in Ireland for the generations of Irishmen unborn.

A NATION'S LANDLORDS.

There are in the United Kingdom something like 180 000 owners of land, excluding estates of less than ten acres, and the rental value of the land was calculated some years ago at ninety million sterling. Ireland had at that time over thirty thousand owners of twenty million acres, the number of owners having greatly increased under the encouragement of Irish Land Bills. Twenty years ago it was stated that of the owners of land in Ireland less than one-half lived on their estates. The resident owners were then 3,966. But 4,465 others lived in Dublin, so that they could hardly be called absentees, and the number of actual "alien landlords" was given as 1,623. The total number of owners of land in the United Kingdom, irrespective of the size of their estates, was twenty-five years ago 314,685, making the average estate 250 acres, with an annual rental of £310. Nearly half these estates, however, were smaller than ten acres.

LORDS OF THE EARTH.

In spite of this large number of landlords, the greater part of the land of the United Kingdom is in the hands of the few. Twenty-eight men in Great Britain and Ireland possess over a hundred thousand acres each, and one member of the House of Lords is the lord of over a million and a quarter acres. There are only three counties in England bigger than the Duke of Sutherland's estate, and it would be possible to set down five English counties on this estate and still leave the Duke enough land to be proud of. Nearly a sixth of all Scotland is owned by six great noblemen—five dukes and a marquess, and in England the Duke of Northumberland is the biggest owner with 186,000 acres. He is the only one of the twenty-eight noblemen with six-figure estates who has not an inch to call his own in either Scotland or Ireland.

THE DRAMA OF DEATH.

There is no drama so real as death. No more dramatic situation than the death of General Mac Donald has been brought about by the pulling of a trigger since General Boulanger shot himself on a grave in Brussels. Lord Clive, as a young man not yet twenty years of age, pointed a pistol at his head and twice tried to shoot himself, and only the failure of the trigger saved him thus early from the fate which he was to bring about by his own hand years after, when he had created an empire and reached the height of his career. What, too, could be more dramatic than the deaths of the two officers who closed their careers in melancholy after a defeat in the Persian expedition of 1857?

ILLUSTRIOUS SUICIDES.

Somebody will write a book some day of illustrious Suicides, and it will contain some immortal names. Not more than a few years ago a Prime Minister in Europe took his own life, and he was not the first man at the head of a State to end his own career. A King of Hayti, a King of Bavaria, an Emperor of Abyssinia, a President of Chili, a Crown Prince of Austria, a Prince of Japan—these and more among the notabilities of the world have to be numbered among the self-destroyed. A dozen peers, a dowager countess, an earl's daughter, and a Duke's daughter can easily be recalled in our own country, and half-a-dozen admirals and generals well known in Europe have committed suicide within living memory. A great judge, an ex-Lord of the Treasury, an ex-Under Secretary for India, and more than two or three M.P.s have created a painful sensation in England by taking their own lives.

MINISTERS AS LANDOWNERS.

How many members of the Government will dispose of land in Ireland under the new purchase scheme? It would be interesting to know what proportion of the estates of Ministers lies in Ireland. The Duke of Devonshire has large estates on the countries of Cork and Waterford. There has been no return of owners of land in the United Kingdom for thirty years, but the extent of the estates of our greatest landowners has not, perhaps, much changed. The Prime Minister, according to the last return, owns 84,356 acres, with a rental of over £16,000 and Mr. Balfour has, besides an estates which is fast growing in value in Canada It is in Winnipeg.

SOME POSSESSIONS AND SOME INHERITANCES.

Lord Lansdowne is another big landowner in the Cabinet; he had according to the 1873 return, 142,916 acres with a rent-roll of sixty thousand a year. Lord Cadogan is the ground landlord of chelsea, Lord Onslow has eight thousand acres, and Mr. Akers-Douglas and Gr. Walter Long are each down in the return as owners of fifteen thousand acres, although Mr. Long's estates, not quite so large as the Home Secretary's at that time yielded £7,000 a year more in rental Lord Balfour of Burleigh has just over three thousand acres. Lord Dudley has 25,554 and Mr. Brodrick who is of course the heir to his father's title has eight thousand acres as his iheritance. Lord Curzon is at present among the landless peers but he will one day succeed if he lives to ten thousand acres.

LIBERALS AND LAND.

Not all the land in the kingdom however, belongs to the Government or its supporters. The last Liberal Ministry had in one of its minor offices the owner of nearly half a million acres, and its Prime Minister owned 23,290 acres. Lord Rosebery's son-in-law, Lord Crewe, who was then Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, has 30,000 acres and even Mr. Acland, the Collectivist, was interested in 36,586 acres. Lord Carrington has 25,809 acres Sir George Trevelyan 28,000 Lord Ripon 28 000 and Lord Spencer 24,000 Sir Edward Grey is a modest landowner with barely 3,000 acres, and Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman is content with about 1,000. Lord Resy, another Liberal peer, owns 15,000 acres, and Lord Cork, who has twice been Master of the Horse in a Liberal Government, has nearly 40,000 acres The Marquess of Broadalbane was the member of the last Liberal Ministry with the biggest rent-roll; the figure given in the 1873 return was £58,292 per annum, Lord Spencer came next with £43,417, and Lord Carrington third with £42,254

THE MEN WHO OWN LONDON.

Four peers own the greater part of the West End of London. They are the three Dukes of Portland, Bedford, and Westminster, and Lord Portman. The Duke of Bedford draws an income of twelve thousand pounds a year from the tolls of Covent Garden Market, and every orange, every potato, every bunch of flowers which passes through the market contributes to his income. The duke has 118 acres of the Metropolis. The Duke of Portland has three hundred acres, covered with great shops and houses, and the Duke of Westminster has sold land for building on at £6 10s. per foot. Lord Salisbury owns part of the Strand, including the land on which the Hotel Cecil and the Savoy Theatre stand, and the Duke of Norfolk is among the great landowners of the capital.

WHILE THE CANDLE BURNS.

A correspondent of "Notes and Queries" has discovered an old custom in Dorsetshire of an auction by candle-light, and asks if there are any more to be found. There is one at least. Mr. George Morley in his excellent book on "Shakespeare's Greenwood," tells us of a quaint mediæval survival in Warwickshire, where, not far from the field where the Crown of Richard the Third is said to have been hidden after the battle of Bosworth Field, an auction by candle-light takes place every year. At one of the two inns in the parish of Warton, an auction is held each October for the sale of grazing rights on the roadside and common lands of the village, and the sale, which for a hundred years and more has been the annual event which makes life in Warton interesting, is conducted by the roadsurveyor under regulations laid down in an Act of Parliament.

THE LAST BID.

Five lots are let for the year at each auction sale and the tallow candle, Mr. Morley tells us is cut into five lengths half an inch high, each half-inch of candle being for one lot. Then the road-surveyor proceeds to describe the lots. This is highly amusing in its way, for the promotion to the post of honour in the sale usually inspires the road-surveyor with a pretty wit; and he alludes quite gaily to the sporting rights over an old gravel pit and to the pond in Lot 1., which has no fish in it, and concludes with the exhortation, Get on gentlemen, please; the light's burning. But the eyes of the company are attracted to the flame of the candle. It is something to watch, something to make jests upon. And yet the company show not the slightest disposition to bid for the herbage until the candle, light is dying out Then the competition is remarkably brisk, and at the last flicker of flame the lot is knocked down amid roars of laughter."

THE first two trains built in connection with the electrification of the underground District Railway in London have been delivered to the Company and are being fitted with electrical equipment before being worked in a series of trial trips over the new section of the railway between South Harrow and Ealing. The carriages are painted bright yellow, and are much more like tramcars than railway carriages, all the seats being placed longitudinally along the sides as on the "Twopenny Tube." It is possible that some of the cars will be labelled reserved, and for these extra fare will be charged. Apart from this it is understood to be the intention to introduce a uniform fare of about 2 1-2d. for any distance.

ITCHING HUMOURS

SPEEDY CURE TREATMENT FOR EVERY HUMOUR.

Bathe the affected parts with hot water and CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin and scalp of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle. Dry, without hard rubbing, and apply CUTICURA OINTMENT freely to allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and lastly take CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS, to cool and cleanse the blood. This pure, sweet, and wholesome treatment affords instant relief, permits rest and sleep, and points to a speedy, permanent, and economical cure of the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin, scalp, and blood humours, eczemas, rashes, and irritations, from infancy to age, with loss of hair, when all else fails.

MILLIONS USE CUTICURA SOAP

Assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use CUTICURA SOAP in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excoriations, for too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, especially mothers.

CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS, CHOCOLATE COATED,

Are a new, tasteless, odourless, economical substitute for the celebrated liquid CUTICURA RESOLVENT, as well as for all other blood purifiers and humour cures. Put up in screw-cap pocket vials containing 60 doses. CUTICURA PILLS are alterative, antiseptic, tonic, and digestive, and beyond question the purest, sweetest, most successful and economical blood and skin purifiers, humour cures, and tonic-digestives, yet compounded.

CUTICURA REMEDIES are sold throughout the world. Australian Depot: R. TOWNS & Co., Sydney. British Depot: 27-28, Charterhouse Sq., London. French Depot: 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

TEAS—Perfect Quality.

COFFEES—Received the Grand Prix at Paris Exhibition.

WHISKIES—Old and mellow.

LIPTONS

PROVISIONS—Ham, Bacon, Cheese always fresh and good. Jams, Marmalade, Sugar, Tart Fruits, &c., &c., &c.

COFFEES—Roast and ground daily in India, therefore always fresh.

TEAS—A treat for all.

LIPTONS GOODS are on sale at all dealers or from D. C. OOMRIGAR and D. H. HEERAJEE—BOMBAY.

TRY IT IN YOUR BATH.

SCRUBB'S CLOUDY FLUID AMMONIA

MARVELLOUS PREPARATION.

Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.
Restores the Colour to Carpets.
Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.
Invigorating in Hot Climates. Cleans Plate and Jewellery.

For Sale by all Grocers and Chemists.

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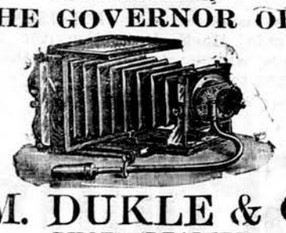
BY APPOINTMENT

TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY



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'HARLENE' FOR THE HAIR.

The very Finest Dressing.
Restores the Hair.
Promotes the Growth.
Arrests the Fall.
Strengthens the Roots.
Preserves the Hair.
Renders it Beautifully Soft.
Removes Dandruff.
Allays all Irritation.

Preserves, Strengthens, and Invigorates Childrens' Hair.

Full description and directions for use in 20 languages supplied with every bottle.

1/-, 2/6, and (triple size) 4/6 per Bottle from Druggists, &c., all over the World.

Edwards' Harlene Co.

High Holborn, London, Eng.

Danger ahead! The engineer doesn't see the broken rail. There is sure to be a terrible wreck. There's a wreck ahead for you if you pay no attention to your weak throat and lungs.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Weak throats and weak lungs easily give way. Some extra strain, as a fresh cold, and you are down with bronchitis or pneumonia. Better strengthen these weak places before it is too late. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral heals these irritable throats, gives tone to the relaxed membranes, and imparts strength to the lungs.

There are many substitutes and imitations. Beware of them! Be sure you get Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

Two sizes. Large and small bottles.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

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APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies.

A French Remedy for all Irregularities.

Thousands of Ladies always keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house, so that on the first sign of any Irregularity of the System a timely dose may be administered. Those who use them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. At all Chemists and Stores, or post free 8/- from MARTIN, Pharm. Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.

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PALE CHILDREN
OLD PEOPLE, INVALIDS

VIN CHAPOTEAUT

(CHAPOTEAUT'S WINE OF PEPTONE)

A DELICIOUS NUTRITIVE STIMULANT

This alimentary wine is a real tonic when no other solid or liquid food will remain on the stomach, Indicated in constitutional weakness and lack of digestive power, for the Aged, Anæmic, Dyspeptic, and Convalescent

It helps sufferers from Consumption, Dysentery, Cancers, and Ulceration of the Stomach.

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THE "GENTILLE" WATCH

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Most comfortable in wear, being extremely thin will not distend the pocket

Very Fine LEVER MOVEMENT.

15 Jewels, three extra set and screwed on top plate as in High Class English watches.
REAL CUT EXPANSION BALANCE.
Palladium Hairspring.

FINE BLACK STEEL "GENTILLE" LEVER WATCH

RS. 32.

EXTRA FINE SILVER "GENTILLE" LEVER WATCH

RS. 40.

Each watch is supplied in case with spare glass and mainspring and the usual written guarantee for 2 years.

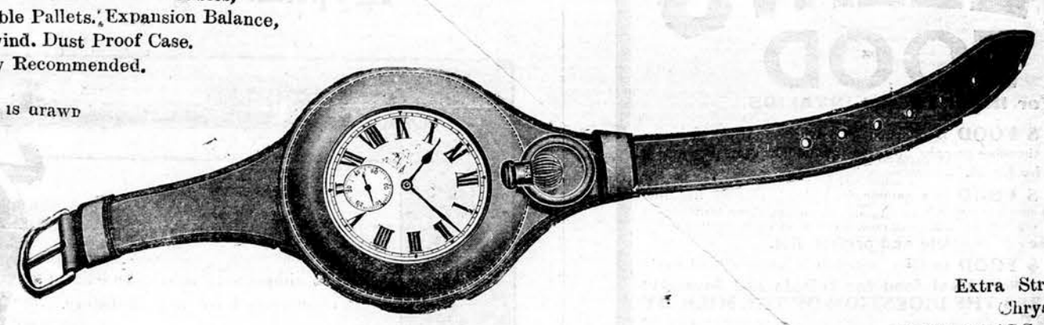
THE "SERVICE" WATCH

COMPLETF IN ENGLISH-MADE WRISTLETS.

Exceptionally Fine LEVER WATCH

Jewelled with 15 rubies,
Visible Pallets, Expansion Balance,
Stemwind. Dust Proof Case.
Highly Recommended.

Illustration is drawn actual Size.



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BOLD DIALS.
Perfect Time-keepers.
Specially constructed for rough use.

Real Nickel Silver Case.....Rs. 25.
Fine Silver Case.....Rs. 32.

Prices include wristlets.

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Delicious, Wholesome and Refreshing.

ROSE'S LIME JUICE Cordial.

Is absolutely the Purest and Best Beverage. It Purifies the Blood.

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TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE

Very palatable.

Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of Anæmia, Debility and Convalescence, to young women, children and the aged. Invaluable in hot climates, DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.

Each bottle of genuine VIN DE SAINT-RAPHAËL *bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:*

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CLETEAS *is a* MELISSA *and* MINT *cordial which surpasses all others by its purety and faultless preparation.*

To be taken on a lump of sugar.

SPENCER & Co., Sole Agents for Madras. — PHILLIPS & Co., Agents in Bombay.
PREPARED BY: CLEMENT & Co., *Valence* (Drôme, France).

Rupture Cured.

Suffered Forty Years, and Nigh to Death.

Remarkable Experiences of a Citizen of Llansamlet, Glamorganshire.

One of the best known engineers in Glamorganshire is rejoicing in the fact that, after suffering forty years with a dangerous rupture, was finally cured by the system invented and perfected by Dr. W. S. Rice, of London. Mr. Thomas is never so happy as when relating the story of his cure. For the greater part of his life he suffered intense pain, his rupture being of such a nature that he was unable to find any truss that would keep the rupture in place until he learned of the Dr. Rice method. The testimony of Mr. Thomas is fully borne out by a letter received from his employer (one of the most influential mine owners in Wales), who states that he acts like an entirely different man, and that he can now perform his work easily, whereas before using this wonderful treatment he could hardly walk. The cure has attracted the attention of hundreds of people throughout the country. Dr. Rice has recently prepared a book, giving a full description of his method. It is a home cure at a very small cost, and the best of all it cures without pain, danger, operation, detention from work, or inconvenience of any kind. Readers should send for this book and post it to anyone they know to be ruptured. Such an act of kindness will be worth a great deal to those who suffer from rupture. Write at once to Dr. W. S. Rice (Dept. 617), 8 and 9, Stonecutter Street, London, E.C.

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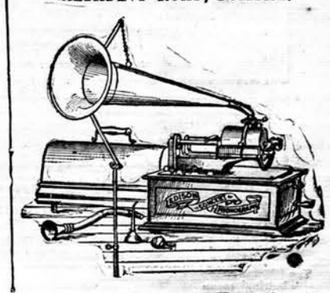

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Of Highest Quality, and Having Greatest Durability are Therefore CHEAPEST.

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The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel.

Safest and most Gentle Medicine for Infants, Children, Delicate Females, and the Sickness of Pregnancy.

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WEST END'S
ARE THE
BEST WRIST WATCHES.

PRICE IN :

	Rs. a
Nickel Silver Case, Rs. 30 and	35 8
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All are *perfect Time-keepers*, they each have a clear white enamelled dial (with a seconds hand), and an extra thick crystal glass over it. Bold hands and figures. A special feature of our Watches is the hand setting mechanism by the winding nut.

We make a *larger Wrist Watch* called "THE SOWAR" *just as reliabl*
In Nickel Silver Case, at Rs. 25.
Sterling Silver Case, at Rs. 30.
Above rates include the Leather Strap, spare Spring and Glass.

Orders filled by return V.-P. P. Price List free on application.

THE WEST END WATCH COMPANY.
BOMBAY, 11, Hornby Road. (Opposite G. P. O)

MELLIN'S FOOD
For INFANTS and INVALIDS.

MELLIN'S FOOD is prepared from wheat and malted barley by machinery, is therefore **purely vegetable,** and during its preparation is **untouched by hand.**

MELLIN'S FOOD is a soluble dry extract, entirely free from starch and cane-sugar; the starch of the wheat having been transformed into dextrin and maltose by malt diastase. When added to diluted cow's milk **it produces a complete and perfect diet.**

MELLIN'S FOOD supplies materials by which diluted cow's milk is converted into an **ideal food for Infants and Invalids;** and **IT ASSURES THE DIGESTION OF THE MILK BY THE INFANT.** The character of cow's milk is so changed by the addition of Mellin's Food that the preparation is adapted for use from birth. By the use of Mellin's Food, and the exercise of proper care, those diseases which make such frightful havoc among infants in India and the East generally, such as diarrhœa, convulsions, the various wasting diseases, have been largely decreased.

Send to any of the Agents mentioned below for book of pictures and testimonials.

MELLIN'S FOOD for a light, sustaining, and highly nutritious diet, adapted for the use of all.

Samples and Pamphlet on the "Care of Infants in India," from the following Wholesale Agents—**BOMBAY**—LATHAM, ABERCROMBIE & CO. **CALCUTTA**—MACKENZIE, LYALL & CO. **COCANADA**—HALL, WILSON & CO. **KURRACHEE**—H. J. RUSTOMJEE & CO. **MADRAS**—OAKES & CO., LTD. **RANGOON**—LATHAM, BLACK & CO.

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The Genuine Liebig Company's Extract,
Is the most concentrated meat essence made. Invaluable in Kitchen, Sick Room, and Hospital, and on the Battle Field.
The only Meat Extract ever connected with **JUSTUS VON LIEBIG.**

ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT.'
INVALUABLE IN ALL FUNCTIONAL DERANGEMENTS OF THE LIVER.

The value of ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' cannot be told. Its success in Europe, Asia, Africa, America, Australia, and New Zealand proves it. THERE IS NO DOUBT THAT where it has been taken in the earliest stages of a Disease, it has, in innumerable instances, PREVENTED what would otherwise have been A SERIOUS ILLNESS.

CAUTION.—*See Capsule marked* **ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT.'** *Without it you have a WORTHLESS IMITATION.*

Prepared only by **J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, LONDON, ENG.,** by J. C. ENO'S Patent.

Sold by Chemists, &c., everywhere.

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'DARTRING' BRAND
Natural Toilet Preparations.

The 'Dartring' BRAND appears upon all the original 'Lanoline' Preparations.

'DARTRING' TOILET 'LANOLINE' in small and large collapsible tubes. Makes rough skins smooth and protects delicate complexions from the effects of wind and sun.
'DARTRING' 'LANOLINE' TOILET SOAP is unequalled for cleansing and keeping the skin supple. It never irritates.

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DR. DE JONGH'S
KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR
LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be *The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in*
CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

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"Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL contains the whole of the active ingredients of the remedy, and is easily digested. Hence its value, not only in Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, but in a great number of cases to which the Profession is extending its use."

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High Class and Genuine
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TOILET SOAP.
An excellent Antiseptic Soap for the Skin & Complexion.
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Preserves the Teeth. Strengthens the Gums.
Has the Largest Sale of any Dentifrice.

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IN QUART BOTTLES.
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IT KEEPS THE SKIN COOL AND REFRESHED IN HOT CLIMATES, AND PREVENTS IT BECOMING PARCHED and DRIED UP from Exposure to the Sun.

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TO ENGLISHMEN, SCOTCHMEN, IRISHMEN, and OUR COLONIES

AN IRISHMAN'S ELOQUENT PROTEST.—Richard Lalor Shiel once startled the House of Commons and the country when the word "alien" was applied to him as an Irishman. "On the field of Waterloo" he exclaimed, "the blood of Englishmen, Scotchmen, and Irishmen flowed in the same stream and drenched the same sod—when the cold grey morning dawned they lay stiff and stark together; in the same trench their bodies were laid; the green corn of spring bursts even now from their commingled dust; the dew falls from heaven upon their union in the grave. Partakers the every peril, are we not to be partakers in glory? Are we to be told we are aliens from that noble country for whose salvation our life blood was poured?" The effect of in peech both inside and outside the House was electrical.

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"I need not be missed if another succeed me;
To reap down those fields which in spring I have sown.
He who ploughed and who sowed is not missed by the reaper,
He is only remembered by what he has done."

The misery of Life is immensely increased in these days of Fevers, if you miss such a single precaution as Batliwalla's Ague-Mixture and Pills.

Most powerful remedies for Malarious, Intermittent, Bilious Fevers, Influenza and Mild form of Plague.
Equally useful to Men, Women, and Children of all ages.
Guaranteed not to coutain Aconite, Antimony, Arsenic, Mercury, Opium, Strychnia or any poisonous salts.

Why be miserable? Why not be wise instead?
Take the right remedy at the right time, and get rid of that nasty fever, by using Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture.

EXTRACTS out of numerous testimonials of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE and PILLS; REMIDIES FOR MALARIAL FEVERS and INFLUENZA. Surg.-Maj. Jaykar:—It is a safe and reliable remedy. Surg.-Maj. Reporter:—I have found it very efficacious. J. Y. Lang, Esq., (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Free Masonary in India):—Derived immediate benefit from its use. Very Rev. B. Fernand Vicar de Vara:—It is most efficacious. G. S. Risti, Esq., Lic. of Civ. Engr.:— It is a safe and immediate remedy, P. J. Daily, Esq., Chief Guard. S. M. Railway:—It is really a dying man's Gold Drop.

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PERFUME TOILET POWDER SOAP
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"They come as a boon and a blessing to men,
The Pickwick, the Owl, and the Waverley Pen."

Every Pen made by Macniven & Cameron, Ltd., is separately examined by experienced hands, and any found defective are discarded.

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The only Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-84, open to all Countries

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PHOSPHODYNE
HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For forty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

Its energizing effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

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HEALTH, STRENGTH & ENERGY.

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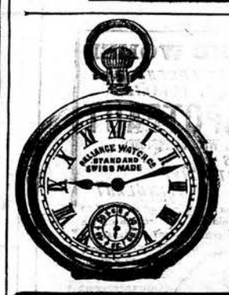
Manufactory: LONDON, E., ENGLAND.



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All Watches Guaranteed 3 to 6 Years.
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To suit all classes of CLAY, SHALE, FIRECLAY, &c.
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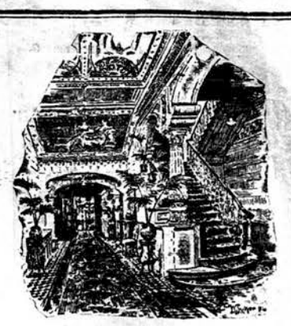

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BEST ADVICE
To give a person suffering from Headache or Neuralgia is to use a remedy that will give instant relief. Like a touch of the wizard's wand, **Little's Oriental Balm** acts on these painful disorders. The effects are simply marvellous. One application and the pain subsides as if by magic. For that inveterate "misery in the head," there is now an unfailing cure as thousands of sufferers can testify.

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Nature's Herbal Extract is the finest digestive medicine I have taken for stomach disorders. I can now eat three good meals a day without any discomfort. Have gained in weight and strength. In fact, I feel a different person entirely. N. OLMSTEAD, DeKalb Avenue, Brooklyn.

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Among lovers of a good game on
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